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丁巳年八月廿三日

SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1917

大正四年八月廿三日

10 CENTS

GT. BRITAIN WARNS PEACE AGITATORS AGAINST MEETINGS

Officially Deny Knowledge
Of Financiers' Conference
In Switzerland

NEW GERMAN IDEA

Seek To Put Responsibility
For Stop-War Rumors
On To Opponents

PREPARING PEOPLE

Want To Make Own Path
Easier When Replying
To Pope's Note

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 16.—Official.—The Government knows nothing of the reported peace meeting of financiers in Switzerland, but, if it transpires that British subjects have met enemy subjects, the offenders will be punished.

A well-informed correspondent of the Observer says:—"The authorities in Downing Street have not failed to note the latest move of certain officials in Berlin to put the responsibility for peace maneuvers and the onus for the continuation of the war upon the British Government. They are aware that Dr. von Kuehlmann, the German Minister for Foreign Affairs, is leading the German people to believe that certain offers of peace emanate from a British source, whereas they are really German proposals.

"The intention of this maneuver is to prepare the German public for the peace offer to be delivered to the Kaiser and, by attributing these proposals to the British, to make the path of the Berlin Government easier. The authorities of this country remain adamant concerning their terms of peace and do not intend to waste time or words in bestowing official attention on such tactics."

Says Britain Asked Peace

Amsterdam, September 14.—Berlin has been agitated owing to a rumor that Great Britain has made peace overtures. The German newspapers asserting that the Council which the Kaiser, the Crown Prince, Dr. Michaelis, Ludendorff and others are at present holding is connected with these overtures. It is officially announced in London that the above rumor is utterly baseless.

German Naval Action Likely, Russia Warns

Sends Word To Baltic Fleet;
Anticipate Land Offensives Also

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Helsingfors, September 16.—A message from Admiral Verederovsky, the Minister of Marine, has been telegraphed to the Baltic Fleet, warning them that a German naval offensive is highly probable.

Petrograd, September 16.—General Valonoff, who is in command on the western front, in an Army Order warns the troops that it is believed that the enemy, intoxicated with their success at Riga, are preparing to break through at Dyvinsk and Minsk.

U. S. Silver Embargo Not To Affect Allies

Suggest 450 Million In Treasury
Be Sold To China And India

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 14.—The New York correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says that it is believed that the embargo on the export of gold and silver except under license will not be permitted to interfere with the export of silver to the Allies. It is suggested that the Treasury might sell to India and China the 450,000,000 silver dollars now in the vaults, for which the demand is very limited and also give silver certificates with a permanent gold backing.

U. S. Women's War Relief Work-Rooms In Shanghai To Begin Operations Today

Headquarters Fitted Up At 18 B Kiangse Road; Out-ports Co-operate To Prevent Misdirected Effort

Organized war relief work on the part of Shanghai American women will begin in earnest this morning, when the rooms on the third floor of 18 B Kiangse Road will be opened and work allotted to all who desire to assist. The work now in hand is exceedingly important, being the making of special surgical bandages, of which the Women's War Relief Association have been informed there is great need.

The workrooms, which were made available through the courtesy of Mr. W. A. B. Nichols, manager of Messrs. Pearson, Daniel and Co., have been fitted up with the view to making them as nearly germ-proof as possible, following the specifications of the American Red Cross. The work of furnishing and other details connected with the rooms was in the hands of Mr. J. D. Gaines and Mrs. Chauncey P. Holcomb and the members of the general committee who visited the rooms yesterday were loud in their praise of the thorough and efficient way in which they have been made ready in so short a time.

The rooms have been equipped with sewing-machines through the courtesy of Mr. J. B. Southmayd, of the Singer Sewing Machine Co. Mrs. M. F. Perkins and Mrs. G. E. Tucker, of the Purchasing Committee, will keep the members of the Association supplied with the necessary materials for the work.

Until October first the rooms will be used only in the morning from ten until twelve o'clock, but, after that, the ladies plan to give their

entire time during the working day and will turn their attention as well to other articles that may be called for by the American Red Cross.

Funds are coming in with gratifying promptness and the response of the outports to the appeal of the Association has been exceedingly gratifying. Not only have large sums been contributed, but many requests for materials and instructions for using the same have been received. The work of chapters in the outports will be conducted as far as possible along the lines that the Shanghai central committee have found most practicable, so that all American war relief workers will be engaged in making such articles as the American Red Cross considers of first and greatest importance.

By the centralization of all American war relief work in China under the general committee, with its head office in Shanghai, outports workers will be able to co-operate along the most necessary lines, thus obviating a great misdirected effort. Many chapters are now organized in the outports and their committees are in touch with the corresponding secretary, Mrs. P. L. Bryant, who has been instructed to keep them informed regarding the class of work required and directions for making the same.

All shipments from outports should be forwarded with labels attached, giving the name and address of the chapter, so they will receive proper credit at home for their endeavors.

FARCICAL 'RUN' ON RUSSO-ASIATIC BANK

Some Chinese Think Rouble
Notes Are Institution's Paper
And Get Cold Feet

It wasn't a run—it wasn't even a lull—it hardly reached the velocity of a saunter, but rumor magnified it into a run on the local branch of the Russo-Asiatic Bank.

It happened yesterday morning and by 11 o'clock it was all over and even a suspicious eye could see nothing beyond "business as usual." Inquiry developed that possibly fifty persons had constituted the rumored "crowd," and that the payoff had amounted, to about \$50,000. The acrobatic tendencies of the Russian Rouble and some weird financial deductions—mixed, perchance, with a bit of spite—on the part of some of the local exchange shop speculators, produced the incident.

"I didn't even bother to go down stairs while the so-called 'run' was on," said Manager G. B. Adamson of the Bombay branch, who is now officiating in the same capacity here during absence of Count Jerski. "At eleven o'clock I noticed a throng of three in the bank, a couple of men and a woman. Probably the whole crowd numbered scarcely more than thirty or forty, who had a few bank notes for small amounts. The total came possibly to \$50,000.

"The reason for it was this. You know what the Russian Rouble situation has been of late. The Chinese, as well as others, have been buying Rouble notes on speculation. This bank is not a free buyer of Roubles. We take them on deposit, of course, and when it suits our convenience we buy, but we don't confine ourselves to Roubles, because we are here to finance trade. It may seem queer, but some Chinese have the impression that Rouble notes are the notes of the Russo-Asiatic bank. If we weren't taking in Roubles then, in their opinion, we were refusing our notes. It is possible that there is some spite mixed up in the affair too, on the part of exchange shop men who buy and then expect to hand the Roubles in to us at a profit."

That's all there was to it.

ROUBLES 35 FOR £1

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 14.—The Rouble, after touching 43, is now 35 for £1.

SWEDEN'S STATEMENT NOT STRONG ENOUGH

Think Foreign Secretary's Removal
Doesn't Suffice; von Luxburg Is Recalled

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 15.—The newspapers assume that Sweden, in view of the new situation, will realize the need for a more adequate statement of her position. They declare that the removal of the Secretary of the Foreign Office is not sufficient; much more is needed to allay the suspicion regarding the sources of Germany's information.

Washington, September 14.—Secretary of State Lansing only published the letter written by von Eckhardt, the German Minister in Mexico, to the German Chancellor after the unsatisfactory Swedish reply to the Argentine disclosures.

Amsterdam, September 14.—A telegram from Berlin states that Dr. von Kuehlmann, the German Minister for Foreign Affairs, has asked the Argentine Legation to request Count von Luxburg to return to Berlin and to secure him safe-conduct during the voyage.

Stockholm, September 14.—Up to the present, the Socialists have gained five seats and the Conservatives have lost fifteen.

The Swedish Minister for Foreign Affairs, in an interview given to an American correspondent, declared that he telegraphed on the 10th to the Swedish Minister in Berlin, making strong representations against the abuse of Sweden's good faith and asking for explanations. Berlin has not yet replied.

Music for Today

The following program will, weather permitting, be played by the Band in the Hongkew Recreation Ground today, beginning at 5.30 p.m.:

- 1.—March "Spick and Span" ...Ansell.
- 2.—Overture "Giovanna d'Arco" Verdi.
- 3.—Waltz "Toujours Fidele" ...Waldteufel.
- 4.—Selection "Mignon" ...Thomas.
- 5.—(a) Intermezzo "Cleopatra Finnegan" ...Moret.
- (b) Caprice "The Whistler and his Dog" ...Pryor.
- 6.—Selection "The Pink Lady" Caryl.
- A. de Kryger, Conductor-in-Charge.

King George Inspects U. S. Engineers In England



King George and Colonel McKinnon, U. S. A., inspecting troops of engineers now "Somewhere in France." The inspection took place at Borden Camp, England, before the Queen, the Duke of Connaught and staff attended.

Ex-Austrian Minister And German Consul Sail This Morning

Rosthorn And Party Got To
Woosung Last Night; Dr.
Knipping Goes Today

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Peking, September 16.—Dr. von Rosthorn, the Austrian Minister, left this morning by special train. A Chinese military guard and a few friends were present at the station.

The Minister and his party of 32, including the Austrian Consul-General at Tientsin, H. Schumpeter, passed through Shanghai at midnight last night, on a train guarded by a special escort ordered by President Feng Kuo-chang from Peking. The train stopped but a few minutes at the north station, where a detachment of soldiers from the Arsenal and members of the local Bureau of Foreign Affairs and the Austrian Consulate met the party, and started then for Woosung.

At Woosung every precaution was taken by the Chinese to look after the safety of the departing officials. The party passed the night in special sleeping-cars, which were surrounded by a company of troops from the city gendarmerie, under the command of Captain Chu, as well as a police squad under the personal direction of Hsu Kuo-lang, chief of the Nantao police. Within a stone's throw of the train was anchored the gunboat Ching-ho, under the command of Rear-Admiral Tung.

A special train will leave Shanghai this morning at 9.00 o'clock for Woosung, conveying some thirty German officials from Shanghai, including the Consul-General, Dr. H. Knipping, also representatives of the office of the Kiangsu Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, Mr. S. K. Chen; the secretary and Mr. Tsao Ju-hua, the interpreter. The whole party of enemy officials will leave this morning on the Dutch steamer Oranje, for the United States.

Germans Have Only 700,000 To Mobilise

10,500,000 Already Drafted Into
Service; Permanent Loss
Totals 4,000,000

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 14.—Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters states that, out of a total of 14,000,000 men, Germany, up to the present, has mobilised 10,500,000. A further 700,000 are still to be mobilised. The remainder are unfit, indispensable or abroad.

Germany's permanent losses are estimated at 4,000,000 men, while the material is still deteriorating and consists mainly of reformed troops and boys of an average age of 19 and 20 of the classes of 1917 and 1918.

The Weather

Cloudy and damp weather, with mist or fog and local thunderstorms. The maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 91.8 and the minimum 83.0, the figures for the corresponding day last year being respectively 90.0 and 70.2.

Municipal Registration Of Germans and Austrians

Chinese Enemy Regulations To Apply In Settlement
Council Decides; Registry By October 1

German and Austro-Hungarian subjects in Shanghai are to come under municipal registration and under municipal regulations similar to those applicable on Chinese territory, according to action taken by the Municipal Council.

Following receipt of a letter from Senior Consul D. Siffert, enclosing a set of the regulations governing the position of enemy subjects in China and requesting that steps be taken to enforce them in the Settlement, the Council has decided on the introduction of registration and published the regulations in a special issue of the Gazette. Consul Siffert wrote that the regulations were officially transmitted to him by the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, who received them from the Waichiaopu.

The official notification states that no German or Austro-Hungarian subject will be permitted to reside in, or enter, the Settlement after Saturday, October 6, without a permit to be secured by application at the Town Hall. To facilitate the issue of these permits all persons of the nationalities specified must register at the Town Hall, producing photographs, between next Thursday, September 20 and the first of October. Registration may be made any day except Sunday, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 12 noon, and 2 and 5 p.m.

The regulations published are similar to the Chinese regulations issued following the war declaration but substitute the term "local authorities" for "local Chinese authorities." They provide for the disposition of enemy subjects, regulations for their departure, movements, care of private property, pursuit of business, dispossession of arms and munitions, and the like. Enemy business, if found on investigation to comply with Chinese laws and regulations, may be carried on under license. Businesses transferred to other nationalities and found to be not carried on in accordance with the regulations may be closed. All books, papers, tracts and the like, issued by enemy subjects, may be suppressed by the local authorities if they deem it fit.

GERMANS' BAGDAD LINE TERMINUS BURNT DOWN

Four Million Francs Damage
Done In Great Fire At
Constantinople End

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Zurich, September 16.—A telegram from Constantinople states that the new railway station built by the Germans as the terminus of the Bagdad railway and two huge warehouses have been burnt down. The damage is estimated at four million francs.

Find New Wrinkle In War Smuggling

Accident Reveals That Nails For
Sweden Contain Lead
For Bullets

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

New York, September 15.—The accidental smashing of a packing-case on Brooklyn Pier led to a remarkable discovery by Customs officers with regard to a shipment of 300 cases of nails consigned to Sweden. Each nail was fitted with a lead cap which could easily be removed and which contained enough lead for the manufacture of a rifle bullet. The shipping licence contained no mention of lead.

Greece Begins To Mobilise Troops

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, September 14.—Reuter's Agency learns that Greece is mobilising and has called up subjects belonging to Old and New Greece born between 1884 and 1897, inclusive.

REVOLT DEFEATED, RUSSIA OFFICIALLY DECLARES REPUBLIC

Korniloff and Principal Officers
Arrested And Held
For Trial

A NEW MINISTRY

Kerensky Rules With War
Cabinet Of Five; Stems
Socialist Opposition

PEACE DEMANDED

Immediate Proposal To All
Belligerents Is Resolution
Of Delegates

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, September 16.—Korniloff and his principal lieutenants have been arrested.

General Kaledine was arrested near Rostoff-on-Don. He will be formally charged with insubordination.

The Government has proclaimed Russia a republic.

It is officially announced that authority will be centralized for the time being in the hands of some members of the Provisional Government.

It is hoped that the proclamation of a republic will clear the air. It is expected that the next step will be the dissolution of the Duma.

Preparations are being made at Moscow to accommodate the Government offices in case of necessity.

Form War Cabinet

As the result of deliberations regarding the formation of a new Cabinet, a favorable resolution was reached and the political situation, which has been very critical, has appreciably improved. A War Cabinet of five has been formed, consisting of M. Kerensky as Premier; General Verkhovsky, Minister of War; Admiral Verederovsky, Minister of Marine; M. Terestchenko, Minister for Foreign Affairs and M. Nikitin, Minister of Posts and Telegraphs.

The negotiations which ended in the creation of a Cabinet of five lasted all Friday and throughout the night. The problem was to surmount the refusal of the Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates to collaborate with the bourgeoisie in the complication due to the withdrawal of the Moscow commercial and industrial elements, on which M. Kerensky had counted and the uncertainty of the attitude of General Alexieff, who is threatening to resign.

Urgo Socialist Ministry

The Delegates, adhering to the attitude expressed in their resolution, submitted to M. Kerensky a list of Socialist Ministers, with M. Kerensky or M. Tseretelli as Premier. This was not acceptable to M. Kerensky, who did not wish to bar the entry of members of the Cadets Party to the Government. The discussion resulted in the resignation of Messrs. Skobelev, Avksentieff and Zarudny, who disapproved of a settlement opposed to the resolution passed by the Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates.

The Delegates also passed resolutions declaring that secret treaties are void, demanding an immediate proposal of peace to all belligerents, the cessation of repressive measures, the re-establishment of democratic military organizations and the immediate convocation of the Constituent Assembly.

Vote Is Over-ruled

It transpires that the Maximalist resolutions passed by the Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates were passed in the absence of most of the soldier delegates. A plenary session has now overwhelmingly rejected these resolutions and adopted instead a Minimalist solution, declaring that, in view of the necessity of the constitution of a strong revolutionary power, free from all compromise with the anti-revolution and bourgeois elements, the Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates have decided to convolve immediately a conference of representatives of the whole organized democracy, for settlement of the question of the

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:

- Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo M. Sept. 18
- Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano M. Sept. 20
- Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. Sept. 22
- Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hakudai M. Sept. 25
- Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yashiro M. Sept. 29
- For U.S., Canada and Europe:
- Per ... s.s. ... Sept. 22
- Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea M. Oct. 8
- Per P.M. s.s. Colombia ... Oct. 12
- For Europe:
- Per N.Y.K. s.s. Iyo Maru Sept. 31
- Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kitano M. Sept. 30
- Per N.Y.K. s.s. Fushimi M. Oct. 14

constitution of a power capable of leading the country until the meeting of the Constituent Assembly.

Meanwhile, it urges the revolutionary democracy to energetically support the Government.

M. Tcheldze, the President of the Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates, announced that the above conference would be held in Petrograd, not later than the 25th.

The resolution passed by the Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates, which bars the Cadets Party and threatens to result in the refusal of the commercial and industrial classes to collaborate with the Socialists, makes the only solution at present appear to be an exclusively Socialist Cabinet, to which M. Kerensky is said to be opposed.

Kerensky Calls For Unity

M. Kerensky, in a manifesto to the army, orders the cessation of political disputes, resumption of the transport of troops according to the orders of the General Staff and the cessation of arrests and dismissals of Commanders by troops.

Kerensky's difficulties have not finished with the collapse of the revolt. His efforts to establish a national government threaten to be hampered by a resolution proposed by a Maximalist and passed by the Petrograd Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates, by 278 votes against 115, accusing the middle-class Parties, especially the Cadets, of complicity in the revolt, declaring that they must be excluded from power and that a government solely representing the proletariat and peasants must be established, which should immediately proclaim a democratic republic and the transfer of land-owners' estates gratis to peasant committees, also institute workers' control of industrial production and the distribution of products, ruthlessly tax capital and confiscate war-profits.

The settlement of the crisis continues. A deputation from the "Savage" Division, which was regarded as the mainstay of the rebellion, has visited M. Kerensky and General Alexieff. The Commander of the Division tendered a resolution declaring the fidelity to the Government of all the regiments forming the "Savage" Division.

The Central Committee of the Baltic Fleet has telegraphed to M. Kerensky, expressing the unanimity of the crews in their support of the Provisional Government.

Still Keen For War

The newspaper Rouskatavolia says that the appointments of General Alexieff, General Ruskoy and General Dragomiroff indicate the determination of the Government to prosecute the war at all costs. These appointments have made a good impression upon the Allies.

A War Committee will assemble immediately to formulate plans to reorganize the army and improve its morale. A special Cossack Ministry is being established, with a view to calming the Cossacks.

The Bourgeois Gazette says that one of the first acts of the new Government will be to dissolve the Duma.

The Provisional Government has issued a manifesto which grants the Finnish Senate the right to decide questions which were formerly the prerogative of the Grand Duke of Finland.

The Council of Don Cossacks has refused to obey the order of the Government to arrest General Kaledine, on the ground that General Kaledine must attend a Cossack conference, today, to furnish explanations of his conduct. It has also passed a resolution protesting against the charge that the Cossacks sympathize with the anti-revolution movement and declaring that they have always supported the Government.

Capture Important Position

An official communique yesterday reported: We captured an important position in the region of the Pakoff high road, near Kronberg Farm, but were repulsed from a captured wood near Baerzisk. North-westward of Husiatyn, the enemy have withdrawn to the Mychkovtze to Vasilkovtze line.

In the Caucasus, the Turks forced us back beyond the line of mountains, Shiva-Rechtu-Boubareh, 50 versts eastward of Revanduze.

Our pilots dropped 1,300 pounds of bombs, causing a conflagration, on Horosomkov, between Husiatyn and Trembovia.

Korniloff's Misrepresentation

New York, September 15.—The Petrograd correspondent of the Associated Press, wiring from Petrograd, yesterday, says that an officer who has arrived from General Korniloff's headquarters at Mohilov, on the Dniester, describing the outbreak of the rebellion, says that General Korniloff told a number of picked regiments, on the 8th, that they were needed to re-inforce the Riga front, although his real aim was Petrograd.

The same night, General Korniloff prepared his first proclamation, which is not yet available. The Socialist composers refused to print it, whereupon an officer ordered

ed a detachment of Turcomans to cut the compositors down unless they obeyed. The compositors later received Kerensky's proclamation, which they printed secretly with Korniloff's.

Meantime, the local Committee of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates conducted a vigorous agitation among the striking battalions and Kerensky's proclamation, which the printers heaped in the printing trains full of soldiers, caused dissension. The Battalion of Cavaliers of St. George declared they would die for the Provisional Government.

Another officer states that the regiments were summoned to Mohilov ostensibly to study British bombing methods, but, when they arrived, they were told that the extremists in Petrograd planned a house-to-house murder of the bourgeoisie and a separate peace. On reaching Moscow, they got copies of Kerensky's proclamations.

The above stories do not tell what happened during the next few days, but apparently Kerensky's proclamations had the desired effect on the soldiers, who were not too keen to fight.

'True Son of People'

London, September 15.—The Petrograd correspondent of the Daily Chronicle sends the text of the proclamation issued by General Korniloff at the time of his refusal to resign his command. It says that only love for the liberty of his country led him to disobey the demand that he should resign. He would rather die. "A true son of the people never deserts his post, but rather sacrifices his life."

It accuses the Provisional Government of itself provoking a counter-revolution, by its incapacity to govern and its indecision and feebleness in exerting its authority. It concludes: "Awake, men of Russia, from your folly and infatuation. Do not walk into the abyss into which your country is plunging."

"I appeal to the Provisional Government to come to my headquarters, where its liberty will be secured by my word of honor and draw up with me a Government of National Defense which will guarantee victory and lead Russia to a future worthy of a powerful and free people."

National Spirit Awakened

Well-informed Russian opinion in London considers that the recent events have finally moved the national spirit and eliminated the danger of extremist propaganda. There has been widespread complaint of too much talk, but the Government, by its action in this crisis, has acquired tremendous power. The arrest of General Korniloff and his accomplices, which was effected more easily than was thought possible, has greatly eased the tension.

A telegram from Petrograd says that General Alexieff arrested General Korniloff. Whatever Korniloff's personal motives, the revolt must have developed a reactionary movement backed by the landowners and capitalists, as the bulk of the army and population do not support him. The realization of this contingency has united Russia as nothing else could do. The separatist movements in Finland and the Ukraine have already weakened.

War Communiques

(By wireless).—A Russian official communique yesterday reported: We twice attacked southward of Pauske, but were repulsed. The enemy, in the region of Medug village, are strongly fortifying themselves.

We attacked in the region of the Pakov Road and occupied Kronberg. Further southward, we advanced 800 yards and occupied Pelsne, Keitzen and Slesgal, advancing towards Lemburg, 45 miles south-east of Riga. We repulsed the enemy westward of Ocna.

Our torpedo-boats bombarded the naval batteries on the Courland coast. Fires were observed.

A Russian official communique today reported:—A stubborn battle is proceeding on the Pakoff road, in the region of Zegevol Farm. Our troops are showing great firmness and stability in repelling the enemy.

We repulsed attacks in the direction of Focmany and north-westward of Mereschesci.

Finns Slay Rebel Officers

Copenhagen, September 14.—A telegram from Viborg in Finland states that General Oravovskii, the Commandant of Viborg, General Stefanov and five other officers having been arrested as followers of Korniloff and taken to the Town Hall, thousands of soldiers stormed the building and killed the whole seven officers.

Helsingfors, September 16.—The crew of the Russian warship Petropavlovsk shot four of their officers, owing to their refusal to sign a pledge of fidelity to the Provisional Government. Subsequently, the revolutionary committee sent a message condemning the action of the crew.

'AWE INSPIRING ARMY' OF CHINESE FOR WEST

14 Provinces Vote To Send Six Thousand Men Each; Plan For Training Camps

(From the Chinese Press)

Fourteen provinces had, up to Saturday, expressed their approval of sending 6,000 Chinese troops from each province to the front. The Ministry of War and the Office of the Chief of the General Staff are formulating plans for the establishment of training camps for the expeditionary forces, which will be called the Hsuan Wei Army, or the Awe-Inspiring Army.

Negotiations on the question of the surrender of the arms of the interned Austrian troops, between the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the Dutch Minister, are developing more satisfactorily. The envoy is no longer opposed to the measure and it is expected the question will be settled amicably in a few days.

China has not yet answered to the concessions of the Allied Powers in granting her desiderata. It is understood that the Peking Government will decide upon the disposal of the Teuton governmental and personal properties and the treatment of enemy subjects before concluding the text of the reply.

It is reported that the books of the Peking branch of the Deutsche Asiatische Bank, said to be concealed by Cordes, its former manager and Eggeling, its accountant, are now in Peking. The documents are believed to implicate the monarchial movement of Chang Hsuan, according to Japanese advice.

The prohibition of the export of copper is being considered by the government in addition to that of silver.

In reply to the demands of Inspector-General Lu Yung-t'ing of the two Kwang provinces, Premier Tuan stated that the government is quite associated with his opinion of the maintenance of the Constitution in the convocation of the National Legislature. However, there is a lot of work in connection with the convocation, so the establishment of the National Council is necessary.

The local Defence Commissioner, General Lu Yung-hsian, has agreed to accept the co-directorship of military affairs of Kiangsu. The Cabinet has decided to pay him an additional salary of \$12,000 per year for his new office.

The Ministry of Finance proposes to issue government bonds for a domestic loan for \$50,000,000, with the postponed Boxer indemnity as security.

CROCE ROSSA-ITALIANA

Donations received from August 9 to date:

Sig. P. Pessini	Tls.
Swatow	10.00
Cav. E. Denegri ..	50.00
Shanghai Race Club	1,400.00
Italian War Relief Committee	107.50
	1,567.50
	@ 72.1 = 1,130.17
Total received	1,140.17

Remitted today to Headquarters in Rome through the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation:

1 D/D on London of £278.10.3 @ Exch. 4/10 5-8 = Tls. 1,140.17.
Shanghai, Sept. 17, 1917.
M. Denegri.

Belgian Wounded Soldiers Fund

Sale of fancy bags, etc. per Madame M. Chaumont \$100
D. Dumont 10
Compliments from L.M. 5

\$115 = Frs. 558.75, which was transferred on September 13.

D. Siffert, Consul-General for Belgium.

MARTIN'S

APIOL & STEEL

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Men Of All Military Ages Must Respond

Needed To Meet Demands For Recruits Says British Service Ministry

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 16.—Replying to a deputation on Saturday, the Minister of National Service stated that the department is being re-organised, with a view to meeting the forthcoming demand for more recruits. He emphasised that, in order that the army should be well balanced and the civil population should be necessary war work and maintain a healthy public opinion, men of all military ages must be recruited and some men of all ages must remain at home.

Jewish Regiment Is Formed In England

Applications Flowing Into London Headquarters From All Over Kingdom

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 14.—A Jewish regiment has been established, with headquarters in London and a camp in the south of England. Voluntary applications for enlistment are flowing in from all parts of the United Kingdom and many more from the Continent, while hundreds of transfers from other units of the British army are being arranged. Special concessions granted by the War Office include Kosher food during training.

Good Pals!

JOHN HAIG
AND
TANSAN

(Look for the name "Wilkinson" on the cork—none Genuine Without)

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FRANCE STILL UNITED IN WAR, SAYS THOMAS

Socialist Independence Simply
Means Effort For More Vig-
orous Prosecution

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, September 16.—In a state-
ment made to the Paris correspondent
of the Observer, M. Albert Thomas
says that he is particularly anxious
that the decision of the French
Socialists not to allow members of the
Party to join the new Cabinet should
not be interpreted in Great Britain as
meaning that the policy of sacred
union for the vigorous prosecution of
the war is ended.

"On the contrary, we are resolved to
adopt an independent attitude for the
present, in order to promote a more
vigorous prosecution of the war. We
will support the Painleve Cabinet in
everything it does to strengthen
national defence. We feel that the
choice of some of the new Cabinet
Ministers has been dictated merely by
political motives, whereas the time has
come when there should be a real War
Government, consisting only of men
appointed for reasons of efficiency.

"Secondly, we feel that the Govern-
ment should be able to propound a
clear war-policy. It is my intention
to devote myself entirely to an ener-
getic propaganda for the adoption of
efficient methods of government and
the maintenance of national union,
which shall become a real driving
power.

"We shall be careful in the mean-
time not to put any stumbling-block
in the path of M. Painleve."

ELEVEN MORE V.Cs.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, September 14.—Further
very stirring stories of heroism
appear in the Gazette today, which
announces the award of eleven new
Victoria Crosses and one bar to a
Victoria Cross, namely, to Captain
Noel Chavasse, late of the Royal
Army Medical Corps.

Though severely wounded early in
an action, while carrying a wound-
ed soldier to a dressing station,
Captain Chavasse refused to leave
his post and for two days not only
continued to perform his duties, but
went out repeatedly under heavy
fire, to search for and attend to
wounded. Although practically with-
out food, worn with fatigue and
faint with his wounds, he assisted
to carry in a number of badly
wounded men over difficult ground.

His extraordinary energy and in-
spiring example were instrumental in
rescuing many wounded men, who
would otherwise undoubtedly have
succumbed. This devoted and gallant
officer subsequently died of his
wounds.

The following is typical of the
others. Sergeant Edward Cooper,
of the Rifle Corps, with four men,
rushed, despite a heavy fire, to-
wards a concrete blockhouse, 250
yards away, from which machine-
guns were holding up the advance
of the battalion on his left and also
causing heavy casualties in his own
battalion.

He ordered the men to lie down
at a distance of 100 yards and fire
at the blockhouse, but, finding that
this did not silence the machine-
guns, he rushed straight at it and
fired his revolver into the opening
of the blockhouse, whereupon the
machine-guns ceased fire and the
garrison of 45 men, with seven
machine-guns, surrendered. This
magnificent act of courage un-
doubtedly saved what might have
possibly been a serious check to the
whole advance and also a great num-
ber of lives.

NEW ITALIAN MINISTER

(Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press)
Tokio, September 17.—The new
Italian Ambassador will be received
in audience today and present his
credentials.

Heroic Women Soldiers Of A Russian 'Battalion Of Death'



Russia's fighting women are one
of the most remarkable products of
the revolution. The story of their
stand when men retreated is one of
the thrilling narratives of the war.
These regiments of women, of which
several have been formed, are
known as "Battalions of Death" be-
cause of the fact that all of the
members are pledged to fight to the
death and in the event of unavail-
able capture, to kill themselves.

Schools And Colleges Opening

Special Correspondence of the China Press

Hangchow, September 14.—Hang-
chow Christian College with its as-
sociated Middle School opened this
morning its seventy-second year's
work, having a registration of a
hundred and eighty men. This in-
stitution is one of the oldest in its class
in China, and is also the only school
of college rating in Chekiang. The
current enrollment in the college de-
partment exceeds all past figures by
thirty per cent, a fact largely explained
by the unusual number of Government
Middle School graduates enrolled.

Five new men have taken places
in the teaching force, relieving ex-
President Mattox and Professors
Farrior and Bristol of last year's
faculty, and assuring that incoming
classes will be properly handled. Rev.
W. R. Wheeler, B. D., M. A., after two
years of language study takes up his
position in the Philosophy Department.
Rev. F. D. Scott, B. D., M. A., also as-
sumes his first work after one year
spent in language study. Three men
are added to the Chinese teaching
staff, Messrs. Lo, Liu, and Ma. Pro-
fessor Lo, a graduate of Michigan
State University and the University
of California, has been placed at the
head of the Hangchow Chemistry
Department. Mr. Liu comes to the
college from the Peking teachers'
training institution. Mr. Ma is a 1917
graduate of St. John's University in
Shanghai.

The college has put into effect this
year a new arrangement of courses
whereby four groups are recognised,
each of which aims to serve a particu-
lar class of students.

Group One has been outlined for
candidates for the ministry and other
special forms of Christian work.

Group Two is offered for men look-
ing forward to educational work.

Group Three is drawn up for
students preparing to attend medical
or engineering schools.

Group Four prepares for literary
work, especially translation.

Hangchow College will occupy a
new and larger athletic field this year.
In accordance with a contract closed
last month extensive filling is now in
progress which will raise the grounds
six feet above the old level and in-
crease the area enough to accommodate
a full sized football field. A one-
fifth mile cinder track is also in-
cluded in the plans.

These and other improvements in
equipment, together with new coaches
and an increasing student interest in

athletics, point to a big year, athletic-
ally speaking, at Hangchow.

University Of Nanking

Special Correspondence of the China Press

Nanking, September 15.—The Uni-
versity of Nanking, whose college de-
partments open in the new buildings
near Kulo, has an unprecedented regis-
tration. There are 224 already
registered in the college departments
alone and about 40 of these are in
agriculture.

One of the interesting features of
this year's opening is the wide area
from which students have come:
twelve from Chang Bu-ling's famous
School at Tientsin, a number from
Hongkong University, Canton Chris-
tian College and from the far north
and west.

All resources are strained to
accommodate the great increase of
students.

The reorganisation, to follow close-
ly the Chinese system, promises great
success.

The lower schools, co-ordinated
with the Department of Education,
are housed, together with the Nor-
mal School, in the former College
Buildings. The Department of Mis-
sionary Training occupies its own
building and the Junior and Senior
Colleges, requiring, respectively, two
and three years to complete their
work, occupy the new plant.

Miss Mildred Clarke, a graduate of
Vassar, is a member of the English
faculty of the Middle School. She
taught English last year in Foochow.

Nanking Association Of Chinese-Americans Greet New Tuchun

Special Correspondence to the China Press

Nanking, September 18.—General
Li Sin-shan, the recently appointed
Tuchun of Kiangsu province, was
welcomed to Nanking by the Chi-
nese-American Association on Satur-
day evening, September 15. The
reception and banquet were at the
American Consulate.

Sixty members of the association
were present, about equally dis-
tributed between representative
Americans and leading officials and
gentry of the city. There were a
number of congratulatory addresses
to which the general responded in a

FETE JAPANESE SAILORS

The Japanese community of
Shanghai entertained the officers of
the Japanese navy in port on the
evening of Saturday, at the Japan-
ese Club. Rear-Admiral Tadokoro,
the Commander, was at home on his
flagship Aso in the afternoon of
Sunday and General Lu Yung-

hsian, the Military Commissioner of
Shanghai, entertained Admiral Tado-
koro and his staff, with the Japan-
ese consular officials in the evening.
At noon, yesterday, Mr. Sah Fu-
mou, the Commissioner of Foreign
Affairs of Shanghai, entertained
Admiral Tadokoro and his staff, the
Japanese Consul-General and leading
Japanese businessmen in Shanghai

at the office of the Commissioner of
Foreign Affairs, to a luncheon.
The river gunboat Toba left
Shanghai on the 16th and the
Fushimi yesterday, going up river.
The cruiser Aso and four torpedo-
boat destroyers will leave today, to
attend the naval maneuvers to be
held in Japan. The gunboat Sumida
will remain in port for the present.

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ITALIANS GAIN GROUND ON BAINISZA PLATEAU

Advancing, Rectify Line Along
Northern Zone; Effective
Bombing Work

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, September 16.—An official communique yesterday reported: We advanced and rectified our line in the region of Log, in the northern zone on Bainsizza and took some prisoners. Our airmen dropped three tons of bombs on the enemy's communications on Carso.

An official communique today reported: We gained ground on the south-eastern margin of Bainsizza Plateau, taking 416 prisoners. We dropped 2½ tons of bombs on some enemy troops massed eastward of San Gabriele.

Turkestan Prepares To Fight A Famine

Cotton Planters Make Decision
To Grow Corn Instead To
Feed People

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, September 16.—The cotton-planters in Turkestan have decided to grow corn, in order to avert a famine.

BRAVE BRITISHER SAVES GERMANS UNDER FIRE

His Destroyer Sinks Enemy Ves-
sel And He Rescues Seven
Of The Crew

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 15.—Commander Hubert de Burgh has been awarded the Distinguished Service Order for rescuing Germans in circumstances of great gallantry. He commanded a destroyer in an action in which an enemy destroyer was sunk. He succeeded in saving seven of its crew while under heavy fire from shore batteries and with three enemy aeroplanes hovering overhead.

BALKANS CAMPAIGN

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, September 14.—An official despatch from eastern headquarters reports: Our troops are consolidating their new positions at Pogradec. Our prisoners now total 378 and our booty includes a big Austrian howitzer.

London, September 15.—An official despatch from Salonica reports: Our aeroplanes have bombed the encampments and dumps at Rupel, Vetrina and Cernista, causing considerable damage.

CONFIRM HEWINS' OFFICE

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 15.—The appointment of Mr. W. A. S. Hewins as Under Secretary for the Colonies is confirmed.

Trial Opens For Six Accused Of Austrian Consulate Conspiracy

Case Of Men Implicated In
Affair Of Aug. 15 Begins
In Mixed Court

The nine men implicated in the affair at the Austrian Consulate last month came up for trial before Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Kwan in the Mixed Court yesterday.

The case of Heinrich Kremia, charged with the murder of Marascek, one of his comrades in the raid on the Consulate, was called first. This was done owing to the fact that one of the witnesses in the case, Mr. Ludwig Peter, student interpreter at the Consulate, is leaving town today. After he had given his testimony this case was remanded for trial after the conclusion of the conspiracy cases against the others.

Joseph Schubert, Austrian subject, and Anthony Brazanovitch, Austrian, who are alleged to have been the other two men who went into the Consulate with Kremia and Marascek, are charged with breaking into the place with intent to take away certain property. Peter's testimony was allowed, by their consent, to stand in that case also.

The case of conspiracy against Schubert, Brazanovitch, Walter Bernhardt, Emmanuel Skalicky, Joseph Kremaskey and Max Kindler was then proceeded with. The charge is that on various dates between July 15 and August 15, the day of the raid, they assisted toward the accomplishment of the affair. The charge originally included Karl Stark and Alexander Kellerman, but was withdrawn yesterday.

Mr. K. E. Newman appeared to prosecute and outline the case. He stated that it would be shown that on August 15 at about 5.30 a.m. Kremia, Schubert, Brazanovitch and Marascek went, as the result of pre-concerted plans, to the Austrian Consulate. They tricked the watchman into admitting them, bound and gagged him, tried to rifle the office safe and, failing, went upstairs, led by Kremia, to the room of Peter. The latter was threatened and the keys to the safe demanded. Kremia, himself, would tell what his purpose was when he shot Marascek. Mr. Newman spoke of the activities of the police in tracing Brazanovitch and Schubert to the Hotel de France and in running down the gang, in Shanghai and in Tientsin.

The testimony given by Mr. Peter tallied with that given at the inquest over Marascek's body. He told of being awakened shortly after 5 o'clock in the morning and finding two armed men, who turned out to be Kremia and Marascek, beside his bed. They had demanded the keys and upon his declaration that they were not in his possession Marascek had pressed forward with leveled pistol. Kremia had fired two shots at his companion and then torn off his false beard, exclaiming, "I am Kremia. Kremia has done this." Marascek had run downstairs and fallen on the verandah, where he died in a few minutes.

The first witness in the conspiracy case was Yien Oong-ching, who said he was office boy at the Austrian Consulate and was on duty as watchman on the night of August 14. He said that it was some time before 5.30 that four men came to the consulate and knocked at the door, asking for the manager. As soon as he had opened the door the man who was killed had pointed a revolver at him, he had been seized, gagged and bound. All of the men had pistols or revolvers.

The man was asked if he recognized any of the men in court as of the party, but he could only identify Kremia. He had not seen much of

what afterward transpired as he had closed his eyes and waited for death. One of the men had been left to guard him and shortly afterward he heard the others go upstairs. He heard shots and then the men running downstairs. Kremia had released him and he had run out into the road in terror. After about ten minutes he had been given a letter to carry by the Vice-Consul.

At the conclusion of his testimony the Assessor asked the defendants if they wished to question the witness. All waived the cross-examination and the hearing was adjourned until today.

Steel-Maitland Heads New Commerce Bureau

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 15.—The Daily Express states that Mr. A. H. Steel-Maitland, Unionist M.P. for East Birmingham, is to be appointed Secretary of the new Commercial Intelligence Department.

Many British Cotton Operatives Are Idle

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 16.—As a result of the first week's working of the cotton restriction, 700 operatives at Rochdale, 300 at Bury and two mills at Oldham have been rendered idle.

History Of The Royal Flying Corps Hospital

Mr. A. H. Hallam, honorary treasurer of the local fund for the Royal Flying Corps Hospital, sends a copy of a pamphlet received from the treasurer of the hospitals in London, as likely to be of interest to the various subscribers here. The pamphlet follows:

According to the ancient Greek mythology, Icarus, provided with a pair of wings by his father, Daedalus, attempted to fly across the Aegean Sea. He approached too near the sun, so that the wax by which his wings were fastened to his shoulders was melted and he fell into the sea and was drowned.

There appears, perhaps, to be little in the history of a modern aviator to recall the ancient Greek myth; certainly the attainment of "a place in the sun," the immediate cause of Icarus' downfall, is an ambition which has acquired an unenviable notoriety elsewhere! Yet the aviator, too, is not exempt from "crashes," though, luckily, they are not always as disastrous as that of Icarus and he has besides to undergo a severe and almost continuous physical and mental strain, owing to the peculiarly adventurous nature of his work.

Birds of a feather flock together and it was early felt that the officers of the Royal Flying Corps needed a hospital of their own, where, not only could they receive treatment, but where the special types of disease liable to affect the service could be studied and suitably dealt with. Accordingly, a small hospital was established in Dorset Square, owing largely to the efforts of Dr. Atkin Swan and Mrs. Hugh Paynter, but, after six months, expansion became necessary and a move was made to 37 Bryanston

Square. Here, Sir David Henderson (commanding the Royal Flying Corps) was elected President and, shortly afterwards, Lady Henderson became associated with the work as Honorary Lady Superintendent.

At the end of 1916, the accommodation was found to be quite inadequate to the growing needs of the Corps and, on March 14 of this year, 42 Eaton Square was opened for 30 patients and is being run in conjunction with Bryanston Square. Both these hospitals represent the last word in surgical and medical science and are suited in every way to the delicate operations so frequently necessary. Dr. Atkin Swan is Honorary Medical Administrator and a large number of the most eminent surgeons, physicians and specialists form the honorary staff of the hospitals.

Mention must be made of the auxiliary hospital at Heligan, in Cornwall, where, amid beautiful surroundings and in an ideal climate for cases of neurasthenia and insomnia, convalescents have unique opportunities for restoration to health. No fewer than 156 patients were treated there during the latter half of 1916. A convalescent home at Brooke Hill, Isle of Wight, has also been placed at the disposal of disabled officers of the Royal Flying Corps.

Such is, in brief, the history of the Royal Flying Corps Hospitals. The importance of the work cannot be over-estimated, for not the least amazing revelation of this most amazing war has been the evolution of the Flying Corps, with its increasingly valuable work of reconnaissance. Airmen may indeed be called the eyes of the army, without which, like blinded Samson, it would truly be shorn of its strength.

Individual and private generosity have rendered it possible to carry out this work. Thus, the house in Bryanston Square was given by Lady Fredegar, who also paid for its conversion into a hospital and contributes to its up-keep. The auxiliary

hospital at Heligan was provided by the kindness of Captain Tremayne. The beautiful operating theater in Eaton Square is the gift of the Scottish branch of the British Red Cross, which also contributes to its maintenance.

Officers of the Royal Flying Corps are drawn from all sorts of regiments and, taking into consideration the specially adventurous nature of their work, it is not surprising to find that its ranks are recruited particularly freely from our overseas contingents. The liberal support to the funds of the hospital given by the members of the Overseas Club and the Patriotic League of Britons Overseas is, therefore, peculiarly gratifying and appropriate. The Hongkong War Charities Committee has also given the hospital important help.

This small pamphlet is designed primarily for the information of those interested in the work of the Royal Flying Corps Hospitals; it also serves to mark an expression of gratitude to the past supporters of that work, whose essential merits will, it is confidently expected, secure continuance of their help.



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SPORTS -- Latest News of Athletic World -- GOSSIP

RIFLE CHAMPIONSHIP
WON BY W. T. ROSE
Messrs. Collaco And Sauer Tie
For Second And Former
Wins Shoot-Off

The second stage of the Shanghai Rifle Championship was fired off on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at ranges 300 and 600 yards, Bley targets, 2 practice shots (optional), one sighter and ten scoring shots at each distance. The afternoon was fine and warm, the light was clear, with a gentle one o'clock wind blowing. The scores were excellent. At 300 yards Collaco and Rose scored 47 each and Smith and Terrill 46 each and at 600 yards Rose and Sauer scored 47 each and Crighton 46. Adding two ranges (300 and 600) Rose topped the list with 94, Collaco and Terrill 91 each, Smith and Snow 90 each. Adding the total of this stage with those of the second stage, Rose took the lead with 188 points and won the special prize. Comparing the places in the first stage, Rose climbed 2 places, Snow 2, Terrill 4, and Collaco 6, while Smith dropped 1, Sauer 8, Thomson 3, and McKelvie 2. Chapman, Hughes, Rutherford and Crighton maintained their positions, 4th, 7th and 8th places. Gates and McKelvie were tied for the final stage, with 172 points each, and according to the rules they were to shoot off at 600 yards, 3 shots each, Chapman was counted out with 10 points and McKelvie and Gates were tied again with 13 each. They shot again, shot by shot, both scored inners again (4). They again fired another shot, McKelvie scored a "Bull" while Gates made an "Inner". The latter was counted out.

The following are the results:

Names	300	600	Total
1-W. T. Rose	47	47	94
2-W. J. Terrill	46	45	91
3-A. M. Collaco	47	44	91
4-G. H. A. Snow	43	47	90
5-W. G. Smith	46	44	90
6-R. K. Hykes	45	44	89
7-A. C. Crighton	42	46	88
8-C. H. Rutherford	44	44	88
9-H. Kodaira	42	44	86
10-C. E. M. Thomson	43	43	86
11-K. McKelvie	40	46	86
12-W. E. Sauer	45	38	83

Counted out: Gates and Chapman (172), Lambert 171, Lockyer 168, Monk 166, Macbeth 165, Spring 164, Hodges 160 and Cameron 154. Three were absent.

The Third Stage (900 and 1000 yds.) H.P.S. 150, was shot off on Monday, 17th inst., in the morning. The weather conditions were good. After firing at 900 yards, Rose topped the list with 69; next came Hykes with 66, Collaco and Sauer 65 each and Kodaira and McKelvie 64 each. In adding these scores with those at the 1st and 2nd stages combined, Rose took the lead with 257, next came Hykes with 249, Collaco with 245, Sauer with 243, and Terrill and Smith with 240 each.

At the 1000 yds. Sauer topped the list with 66, next came Collaco with 64, Terrill and Rutherford with 63 each and Rose with 61. The result was that Rose won the Gold Medal, with 318 points. Collaco and Sauer were tied with 289 points each for the 2nd and 3rd places. The former won in the shoot off: Collaco scored 2 "Bulls" (10 points), while Sauer scored 1 "Inner" (4 points).

The following are the scores of this stage:

Names	900	1000	Total
1-W. E. Sauer	65	66	131
2-W. T. Rose	69	61	130
3-A. M. Collaco	65	64	129
4-R. K. Hykes	66	59	125
5-W. J. Terrill	59	63	122
6-C. H. Rutherford	59	63	122
7-C. E. M. Thomson	59	58	117
8-K. McKelvie	64	50	114
9-W. G. Smith	65	57	122
10-H. Kodaira	64	45	109
11-A. C. Crighton	58	50	108
12-G. H. A. Snow	58	26	84

Final Stage

Names	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
1-W. T. Rose	94	94	130	318
2-A. M. Collaco	89	91	129	309
3-W. E. Sauer	95	83	131	309
4-R. K. Hykes	94	89	125	308
5-W. J. Terrill	90	91	122	303
6-C. H. Rutherford	92	88	122	302
7-W. G. Smith	95	90	112	297
8-C. E. M. Thomson	93	86	117	296
9-A. C. Crighton	91	88	108	287
10-K. McKelvie	89	83	114	286
11-H. Kodaira	87	86	109	282
12-G. H. A. Snow	93	90	86	269

The presentation of prizes will take place later.

'Arethusa' Cup Competition

Entries for the above competition closed yesterday at 5 p.m. 47 are entered, represented by the following:

American Co., 9; A. Co. British, 7; B. Co. British, 7; Reserve Co., 7; Scottish Co., 4; Chinese Co., 3; Portuguese Co., 2; S.R.A., 2; Machine Gun, 2; Italian Co., 1; Maritime Co., 1; S.M. Police, 1; Staff, S.V.C., 1.

The competition will be shot off on Wednesday, September 19, morning and afternoon. Competitors who prefer to shoot in the morning are requested to be at the range at 6 o'clock sharp and those who prefer to shoot in the afternoon to be at the range at 3 o'clock sharp. Ranges are: 200, 500 and 600 yards 1 shot, and 7 scoring shots at each distance.

Sights, etc., should be adjusted as far as possible before the arrival at the firing-point; unreasonable delay will disqualify a competitor.

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Burr Broadway

Charity Base Ball
Series On Tomorrow
First Of Three Games For The
Benefit Of American War
Relief Funds

Tomorrow afternoon will be played the first of the three-game baseball series which is to wind up the diamond season at the Race Course. The series is to be played for the benefit of the American War Relief Association of China and the teams engaging are an All-Shanghai nine and an All-Navy aggregation from the gunboats in port.

The final games will be played on Saturday and Sunday. Tomorrow's contest will be the fans' last chance to see some of the sailor stars in action this season as the Palos is scheduled to leave port Thursday, taking with her Scott, Maloney and McGowan. This makes a slash in the hurling staff and infers, but the Monocacy is expected in shortly and it is thought that the gaps will be well plugged in time for Saturday's game. Scott will probably hurl tomorrow as a sort of farewell performance, leaving the week-end work to Keeler.

Admission will be charged to the members' stands and the proceeds will be turned over to the War Fund. The prospect of good baseball and the fact that these are the last games, it is to be hoped will result in the collection of a sizeable amount for the relief cause.

The Gunboats and Shanghai staged a close game last Sunday when the landmen won by a 2 to 0 score. Tinkham allowed the sailors only 3 hits and only 29 men faced him during the nine innings. Scott only permitted 6 safe blows, two of which were collected by Holliday, who also starred in the field.

Golf

The following is the result of the September Monthly Cup of the Shanghai Golf Club, played for on Saturday and Sunday: 18 holes, Medal Club Handicaps:

D. C. Hutchison	95	18	77
W. E. Leckie	90	12	78
G. H. Munro-Horne	92	15	78
W. H. Taylor	94	16	78
E. I. M. Barrett	82	plus 18	83
P. O. Reynolds	87	4	82
W. P. Roberts	85	Scr.	85
E. F. Mackay	93	8	85
B. E. Clarke	105	16	89
F. L. H. Pott	107	18	89

25 cards were taken out.

Lawn Tennis

A match between the Cricket Club and the Recreation Club was played on the S. C. C. courts, on Sunday and resulted in a win for the homesters by three sets to two. The scores were: Capt. E. I. M. Barrett and E. G. Norman (S. C. C.) beat H. B. Ollerdesen and W. C. Swift (R. C.), 5-7, 6-3, 2-6, 6-4, 6-3.

L. R. Whelan and H. Middleton (S.C.C.) beat S. M. Wallace and T. Veitch (S.R.C.), 7-5, 6-2, 4-6, 6-4.

St. G. R. Clark and A. J. Grant (S.C.C.) beat T. Main and R. J. S. Brandt (S.R.C.), 6-2, 6-2, 9-7.

J. A. T. Thomas and C. S. Cheetham (S.C.C.) lost to C. Ollerdesen and G. Madar (S.R.C.), 4-6, 6-3, 5-7, 3-6.

D. H. Cooke and L. A. Donnelly (S.C.C.) lost to A. V. White and F. J. Brandt (S.R.C.), 3-6, 0-6, 1-6.

Revolver Club

Owing to the great number of members away from Shanghai on their holidays, the Club's monthly competition for the Expert's medal and bar will be extended throughout October.

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War Office Criticised
For Reticence on News

British Paper Says Campaign
On West Is A Puzzle; Re-
calls French's Promptitude

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, September 15.—The Times criticises the reticence of the War Cabinet and the omission of the War Office to publish despatches concerning this year's campaigns. It dwells on the silence with regard to Palestine, Salonica and East Africa, but says that the greatest puzzle is the western front. It compares Lord French's promptitude at a time of unprecedented stress and anxiety with the present inarticulateness and says that the public is not so passive and easily placated as in 1914.

EGYPT'S COTTON AREA

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Cairo, September 16.—The message sent from Alexandria on the 16th was due to a misapprehension. The decree provides for the cultivation of one-third of the perennial area: thus, approximately, 1,355,000 feddans will be left under cotton, representing a reduction of roughly 320,000 feddans of last year's area.

**U.S. Takes Control Of
Its Sugar Industry**

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Washington, September 15.—The Government has assumed control of the entire sugar industry and its manufacture, importation and distribution will henceforth be conducted under licence.

**Restrictions On Wheat
To Dutch East Indies**

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Melbourne, September 14.—In the House of Representatives, yesterday, Mr. W. M. Hughes, Premier of Australia, stated that the exportation of wheat and flour to the Dutch East Indies would not be allowed, except under conditions which would prevent them being re-exported.

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the dainty little gentle-as-nature laxatives which assure daily regularity, cure biliousness, torpid liver, sick headaches, foul-smelling breath. Of all chemists, or from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, 60 cents the pill, post free.

News Brevities

Mr. F. R. Sites departed Saturday on a short business trip to Hankow.

The China Critic (Tientsin) quotes an official source at Peking that the application of the Kailan Mining Administration to take over the collieries of the Ching Hsing Company, a Sino-German Corporation holding properties on the Chihli-Shansi border, has been sanctioned.

A reception was held yesterday forenoon at the French Consulate-General in honor of M. Conty, the French Minister to Peking, who is returning to France.

Dr. Paul S. Reinsch, the American Minister, has returned to Peking from Peking.

The expired contract with Dr. Ariza as legal adviser to the Government has been renewed for one year from August 1.

Mr. A. Raux, of the Caribonum Co. Ltd., London, manufacturers of type-writer ribbons and carbons, is a guest at the Palace Hotel.

Four men alleged to be the auto-bandits who made away with more than \$21,000 worth of bar gold, two weeks ago, were arrested at Nanking and conveyed with some of the spoils to Shanghai last Saturday.

M. Conty, the French Minister, will sail for France this afternoon by the French mail steamer. A

hearty send off is expected at the French Bund and many local officials, as well as members of the Allied consular bodies, will participate in the demonstration. Commissioner Sah Fu-mou has ordered a brass band to play at the wharf.

To urge the payment of specie on the notes issued by the Bank of Territorial Development, an association has been formed by local Chinese, on Shantung and Chiao Tung Roads, which will deal directly with the Ministry of Communications and the management of the bank. Mr. M. L. Heen has been retained as legal advisor. All those who hold notes of the bank are entitled to membership.

The Yangtze Wharf and Godown Company, Ltd., of whom the German firm, Carlweitz and Company, are the agents, was yesterday sealed by the Pootung police authorities and the office of the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs. Notice was given to the management 48 hours previously.

Miss Heal, a nurse at the Victoria Nursing Home, was thrown to the pavement on North Szechuen Road Sunday and suffered injuries about the head when two richas collided. She was taken to the home in a motor car and it is thought is not seriously hurt.

Sunday's mail from the United States brought word that Sid Moss, son of Mr. Barnes Moss of Shanghai, has received a commission as lieutenant in the new American army. Young Mr. Moss, who trained for his commission at Ft. Riley, Kansas, has been transferred to Fort Funston.

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of Fall and Winter
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WEATHER

Cloudy and damp weather, with mist or
fog on our coasts. Local thunder-
storms. Variable and moderate
breezes.

DEATH

LARSEN: On 15th inst., at Han-
kow, L. P. Larsen, manager of the
Chinese American Co., Hankow.

15156

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, SEPTEMBER 18, 1917

Justice To Russia

(From The New Republic)
It is hard to be just to Russia.
She appears to be falling us
when our need of her is greatest.
She seems to have revived in the
breasts of the German military
party the hope of attaining that
monstrous end, a "German peace."
Had Russia held firm, the war
might have been brought to a vic-
torious conclusion in six months.
If the Russians retreat and dis-
perse, the war may be prolonged
through years. The western nations
will have to pay heavily for the
consequences of the mutinous spirit
in the Russian army. It is no
wonder that we should excrete
this spirit and everything that aid-
ed in its emergence, even the Re-
volution itself.

But if we look beyond our own
national interests and judge Russia
dispassionately, we shall find reason
to dispense blame with great
moderation. We shall remind our-
selves that the Russian people have
endured ghastly sufferings in the
last three years of war. Russian
losses in the field have been greater
than those of all Russia's allies
combined. Russians in prison
camps or working as slaves in Ger-
man mines or fields exceed in num-
bers all other prisoners of war held
by the Central Powers. Of the
Russians wounded in battle and re-
turned to the hospitals hundreds of
thousands have suffered from in-
fection, tens of thousands have died
and other tens of thousands have
had to submit to amputations that
an adequate medical service would
have made unnecessary. The Rus-
sian soldier has gone hungry and
thirsty, he has faced winter half
clad and barefoot. More than any
other army, the Russian army has
been set impossible tasks, thrust
against impregnable positions, forced
to pit bayonets against machine-
guns and shrapnel. It is said that
in the recent French offensive cer-
tain French regiments refused to
leave their trenches because of the
inadequacy of artillery preparation
for the ordered assault. The French
are the bravest and the best dis-
ciplined soldiers in the world, but
they refuse to be mere material to
be used or thrown away according
to the whims of generals. The
Russians have been treated as very
cheap material to be wasted freely.

All this we have known from
the outset. And we were com-
placent about it, as was the Tsar
and the Russian ruling caste. What
if the Germans slew or captured
hundreds of thousands?
Russia could trust in her numbers.
Caterpillars and locusts have stop-
ped railway trains: would not Rus-
sian numbers in the end dull the
scythes of the German military
machine? Neither the Tsar nor his
former western admirers paused to
consider the units of which
Russia's wealth of numbers was
composed. They were young men

like any others, perhaps a little
more naive, a little fresher in their
outlook upon life, a little readier
to laugh or to cry out in anguish.
They were said to be fatalistic—
comforting thought. Dying for the
Tsar meant to them to go straight
to Heaven, so it was said. They
were the best soldiers in the world,
that is to say, soldiers more than
any others ready to take punish-
ment without murmuring.

And so in the first year of the
war, while the French and British
held their fire and dug themselves
in on the Aisne, the Russians swept
pell mell into the Maurian swamps
to be mown down at Tannenberg.
In the second year of war the Rus-
sian and French still held their line
firmly and prepared; the Russian
multitudes, inadequately equipped
with guns and transportation,
thrust themselves into the jaws of
Hindenburg on the Carpathian
front. Again in the third year of
war a splendid offensive was under-
taken by Brusilov, to be frustrated
by inferior armies with superior
guns. Only a few weeks ago we
were rejoicing in Kerensky's new
offensive, undertaken, like those of
the autocracy, under the theory
that numbers are a fair offset to
guns. This time the consequences
were disastrous. The Russian num-
bers have awakened. There is no
power in Russia that is competent
to send them to certain death with-
out displaying before them an
object they consider worth dying
for.

If our leaders had not been
obsessed with the conception of the
fatalistic, all-enduring Russian,
they would have recognized that
the outbreak of the revolution de-
manded a new diplomacy and a
new strategy. It was incumbent
upon western statesmen to make it
absolutely clear to Russia why the
fight that had cost the Russians
such unfathomable miseries must
still continue. It was incumbent
upon western strategists to urge
upon the Russian generals the
necessity of sparing men wherever
possible, until the standards of
equipment could be brought up to
a level comparable with those of
western armies. But our states-
men and strategists have assumed
that the Russian republic had in-
herited the Tsar's reason for fight-
ing, the Tsar's methods of com-
puting the value of human flesh.
Therefore they, along with the
Maximalists, must shoulder part of
the blame for the disaster that
threatens the Russian army.

Fortunately Russia has not yet
been lost to the Allied cause. Pol-
itical power in Russia is still held
by men who recognize in German
victory a deadly menace to all
peace and freedom. They may be
expected to do their utmost to
restore the morale of the Russian
army. But this result is not to be
attained through charges of treason
and cowardice directed against the
Russian people.

The Russian Republic is not
fighting for national aggrandise-
ment. It has renounced the im-
perial dream of expansion. It de-
sires peace; that is all it demands
of the world. The allies of Russia
promise peace, conclusive and last-
ing, but the formula by which they
propose to establish peace still ap-
pears to include nothing definite
but the defeat of Germany. Are
the Allied nations so confident in
the peace thus established that
they offer a definite proposal for
the limitation of armaments after
the war? No: England, France,
Italy and the United States expect
to remain better prepared for war
than before. Has any progress been
made toward an international or-
ganisation to make war impossible?
No. What is there, then, to con-
vince the Russian democracy that
the Allied peace formula will really
work? But the Russian de-
mocracy must be convinced, or Ger-
many will have to be beaten with-
out Russian aid.

To secure a definition of the
issues of the war in such a way
as to meet the requirements of the
Russian democracy is peculiarly
the obligation of America. Like
Russia, the United States expressly
repudiates all purposes of national
aggrandisement. Like Russia, the
United States desires nothing but
a just and lasting peace. America,
like Russia, has a democracy cap-
able in the end of over-ruling the
decision of its leaders. Both de-
mocracies can be induced to put
forth their full energies in the war
only if the objects it is sought to
win recommend themselves to the
plain man as reasonable and just.

We believe that the purposes of the
democratic majorities in the coun-
tries allied with us are free from
the taint of aggrandisement. We
believe that their liberal leaders
are earnestly striving to establish
conditions of organized interna-
tionalism that will make a per-
manent peace possible. But it is
important that this be made im-
mediately clear to the Russian Re-
public. Justice to the Russian sol-

dier who is expected to suffer and
die demands this. It is also im-
portant that the American Republic
be assured that the war will not be
continued for purely national ends,
after the requirements of interna-
tional peace have become capable
of realization. If the Russian de-
bacle has opened the eyes of the
statesmen to the necessity of secur-
ing democratic validation of their
policies, it is far from certain that
it will be enumerated among the
untoward events of history.

Correspondence

The Cotton Experiments

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Dear Sir.—The article in your
Sunday's issue re "American Cotton
proves failure in Shanghai Soil" was
most interesting, considering same
having been written by a "Cotton
Expert of the Shanghai Anti-
Adulteration Association."

Failure in the experiment did not
surprise me in the least, considering
the method adopted. Usually when
experiments are made in cotton
planting, the selection of fertilisers
depends upon many circumstances,
such as the nature of the soil, the
location of the land, the latitude of
the district in which the cotton is
grown, the state of the cultivation
of the farm. There is a vast differ-
ence in the soil, in all gradations
from the calcareous "buckshot" as
it is called in the Mississippi Valley
to the sandy belt of North China.
The latitude and longitude, giving
quite a different length of season is
another disturbing factor, in fact
one of the greatest.

The report says that there were
used four different strengths of
yellow bean cake as fertiliser, the
quantity used being from five to
twenty pounds. No doubt this
primitive method would answer very
well in growing cotton as it has al-
ways been grown in China; however,
it would not answer the purpose
with the higher class seeds experi-
mented with.

The fertilisers to be used should
be determined by analysis. It is not
my object to recommend fertilisers,
but any cotton planter in the United
States desirous of finding the best
fertiliser to use on his land has
generally at his call expert analysis
in connection with his State Depart-
ment. By submitting samples of his
soil and a statement of his agricul-
tural conditions he can obtain expert
advice which will be of great value
to him. In view of this fact, I
would like to know as to where the
expert opinion as to the nature of
the soil was obtained, and whether
bean cake was the proper fertiliser
to use. Furthermore, the opinion
that the attempt to grow cotton
from American seeds on Shanghai
soil is a failure sounds like a joke.

The best results of fertilising in the
United States were not obtained in
the first year or even in the second
year; the first fertiliser used in the
first year had an influence on the
second and third years, and the
system of continued fertilising im-
proved the yield more in the third
and fourth years in proportion to
the amount of fertiliser used in the
first and second.

In my opinion Mr. Johnson, the
cotton expert, who was specially
sent to China by the United States
Agricultural Department at the re-
quest of the Chinese Government,
is the best judge to determine
whether cotton can be grown from
American cotton seeds in Shanghai
and vicinity. Yours truly,

A. B. Rosenfeld.

War Time Wallops

The Kaiser will go down in history;
in fact, he is going down already—
Springfield Republican.

Germany expects every Hessian fly
in the wheat-belt to be true to the
Fatherland.—Boston Transcript.

When Edison discovers a method of
safety from the submarine peril, he
might tackle the automobile.—St.
Louis Globe Democrat.

Chicago's Mayor is right in think-
ing that we should protect ourselves
against invasion. A good place to
begin would be our politics.—New
York Evening Post.

Why not call Uncle Sam's stalwart
soldier sons "Samsons"?—Kansas City
Star.

The Kaiser is enthusiastically in
favor of home rule for Ireland.—
Boston Transcript.

We see by Upton Sinclair's secession
from the Socialist party that he is
about to publish a new book.—Boston
Transcript.

Keeping In Touch With
Our Soldiers In Europe

"Somewhere in France" is not such
a hopelessly vague location as it
appears to be, so far as the plans of
the United States army for keeping
track of its soldiers are concerned.

To prepare for all this and build
up an information system sufficient
to cover an American force of one
million, fighting men in France has
been one of the new wartime tasks
of the administrative end of the War
Department. Brigadier General H.
P. McCain, the Adjutant General, has
added to the Rolls Division of his
office a new special division charged
with collecting and tabulating all
vital information concerning the
health and welfare of officers and
men of the army, both abroad and
in the big cantonment and other camps
in the United States.

"The practice in the past," said
General McCain, in explaining the
work and organization of the new
statistical division, "has been to keep
complete and detailed information of
all our officers and men. For the
enlisted man the complete story of
his services while in the army is re-
corded on several individual service
records which are brought together
as a permanent record when the
man leaves the service either by dis-
charge, dismissal or death.

"This service record is kept up in
the organization to which the man is
assigned or transferred, and is finally
completed and forwarded to the War
Department, together with a final
statement of his accounts, whenever
the soldier leaves the service by
death, discharge, or otherwise. The
intermediate period between the
filing of the enlistment papers and
the final discharge is covered by a
bi-monthly report, the Muster Roll,
which sets forth in detail all pro-
motions, sickness and other changes
in the military history that have
occurred during the period covered
by the report.

"The history of each commissioned
officer is also covered by similar but
more complete reports.

"Such casualty lists as have been
necessary were small and could re-
ceive careful scrutiny.

"With the present contemplated
increase in our military force special
provisions will have to be made to
keep the War Department informed
as to the health and welfare of the
officers and men of the army.

"It was for the purpose of keep-
ing these records that we have
organized the Statistical Division of
this office. The work of this division
will be entrusted to officers and field
clerks, assisted by details from each
regiment, independent unit, and
hospital, and will be controlled from
a central office in Washington, work-
ing in conjunction with a corres-
ponding central office at General
Headquarters abroad. The central
offices will operate through division-
al sections, maintained as a per-
manent part of each division. These
divisional sections will in turn be
temporarily augmented by repre-
sentatives from each increment and
independent unit in the division.
General and base hospitals will be
covered by representatives of the
permanent section at General Head-
quarters.

"During the period of training the
new National Army will be located
in various parts of the country in
divisional training camps, identical
with the training camps at which
the various National Guard Army
divisions are now being trained. All
these divisional training camps will
have as a part of their organization,
and located at Divisional Head-
quarters, one section of the Statist-
ical Division from the central office
at Washington. Each regimental
adjutant will organize a regimental
section, consisting of three enlisted
men. This regimental section will
be under the immediate supervision
of the chaplain, if there is one in
the regiment. This regimental section
will prepare lists of all the men of
the regiment, see that an emergency
address is entered after each name,
that a proper beneficiary has been
named in each case, and will be the
agency through which all rolls and
returns from the regiment are for-
warded to their destination.

"As soon as this regimental
section has familiarized itself with
the officers and men of its regiment,
two of the enlisted men of the
division will be withdrawn from the
regiment and assigned to duty with
the Division Statistical Section at
Divisional Headquarters. This
regimental section will thereafter
keep in touch with all officers and
men of the regiment to which they
belong, and all inquiries regarding
the status, health, or welfare of
members of their regiment will be
answered by them. The permanent
Divisional Section will maintain
similar records of the personnel of
all units attached to the division or
serving with it.

"The numbers of men engaged in
this work will, of course, depend upon
the organization adopted for our
American Division. If the divisions

should be organized as they were on
the Mexican border, this Divisional
Section would number approximately
three officers, two army field clerks,
and thirty enlisted men. In addition,
there would be fourteen chaplains
and fifteen enlisted men with the regi-
ment assisting in this work. Assum-
ing the strength of a division at 30,000
men, there would be in an army of
1,000,000 men 33 1-3 divisions, and this
would mean that, should we send an
army of that size to France, there
would be at Divisional Headquarters
34 officers and 34 enlisted men engaged
on this work while at the General
Headquarters abroad this force would
amount to 100 officers, 66 army field
clerks, and 900 enlisted men.

"To provide this force the following
procedure is followed: First, the
General Statistical Section will be sent
to France. This will be augmented by
the Divisional Sections for the troops
already there. Thereafter, as each
division is ordered abroad, the per-
manent Divisional Section will accom-
pany the division, while the regimental
details will rejoin their regiments.
Prior to sailing, the regimental units
will give to the Statistical Section at
the port of embarkation lists of all
members of the regiment departing,
together with all data covering men
who may be reported absent or left
at that base sick. The Divisional
Section will furnish similar data for
Division Headquarters and the units
attached to that headquarters.

"Upon arrival abroad a divisional
organization will be established there
similar to that formed in the train
camp in the United States. As soon as
this organization has been completed,
two officers, one field clerk, and two
of the enlisted men from each regi-
ment will be sent to join the Central
Section at General Headquarters. In
this way means are provided by which
the Central Section at General Head-
quarters is increased with each divi-
sion added to the force there. The per-
sonnel of this increment is familiar
with the units of its division and will
be charged, with all inquiries concern-
ing the men of the division, as well as
exercising a general supervision over
all rolls and returns from the division-
al that are to be forwarded to Wash-
ington.

"These divisional representatives
at General Headquarters will oper-
ate through the Divisional Section,
now reduced to one officer and one
army field clerk, and through this
section with the regimental section
consisting of the Chaplain or Ad-
jutant and one enlisted man.

"The number of muster rolls of
companies, troops, batteries, and
other units that can be expected
from each division as now formed
will be 298, or for the 33 1-3 divi-
sions, 9,733. To these must be added
the rolls from Corps Headquarters,
Line of Communication, and General
Base. The organizations at each of
these will be approximately the same,
but with reduced strength and im-
portance from the base to the front.
There will be approximately
fourteen of these headquarters, with
approximately 113 units at each.
The rolls for these units are to be
under the charge of the Central
Section at General Headquarters,
and will number about 1,682, giving
a grand total for the force of
1,000,000 men of about 11,315 rolls,
to be supervised and forwarded to
Washington. There will also be a
similar number of returns for each
month. The above does not include
the detachment rolls and returns,
which will be nearly as many more.

"In addition to all this, this statist-
ical division will be charged with
the preparation of all casualty lists,
reports of burials, admissions and
discharges from hospitals, weekly
reports of serious cases in hospital
and weekly statistical reports of
sick, arrivals from and embarka-
tions for the United States or else-
where, American prisoners held by
the Central Powers, and prisoners
of war held by our troops. All
casualties occurring among troops
abroad will be cabled to the United
States daily and released by the
Adjutant General to be published in
the Official Bulletin issued by the
Committee on Public Information."

The Japanese Mission

(From The New York Times)

The Japanese Mission to the United
States, headed by the illustrious dip-
lomats, Viscount Ishii, Ambassador
Extraordinary, has had in San
Francisco the cordial welcome it is
sure of in every part of the United
States. Japan, our old friend of more
than sixty years, is now fighting by
our side. The members of the mis-
sion come, as Viscount Ishii says, "as
allies in a common cause." As such,
and at this time, the Americans greet
them and their nation with especial-
ly hearty good wishes. The ques-
tions between the two countries will
ultimately be settled right, and call
only for a little forbearance on both
sides and an understanding by each
of the position of the other. These
matters can be postponed. While the
war lasts, and until its great objects
have been attained by the Allies,
such differences disappear in the
momentous common interest and
comradeship of nations banded to
abate the German danger to the
world.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

What is Castoria?

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor
Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrup.
It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium,
Morphine nor other Narcotic substance (Nar-
cotics stupefy). Its age is its guarantee. It
destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It
cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves
Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and
Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates
the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and
natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The
Mother's Friend.

The signature of *Dr. H. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper
of genuine Castoria.

Physicians Recommend Castoria.

"My patients invariably praise the action of
your Castoria." W. W. TURNER, M. D.,
Buffalo, N. Y.

"I use your Castoria and advise its use in all
families where there are children." J. W. DINDSALA, M. D.,
Chicago, Ill.

"During my medical practice I know of several
cases where your Castoria was prescribed and
used with good results." K. MORROW, M. D.,
St. Louis, Mo.

"Your Castoria is certainly the greatest remedy
for children I know of. I know no other pre-
paratory preparation which is its equal." R. S. SCHWARTZ, M. D.,
Kansas City, Mo.

"I have used your Castoria as a purgative in
the cases of children for years past with most
happy effect, and fully endorse it as a safe
remedy." H. D. BENNER, M. D.,
Philadelphia, Pa.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

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BELTING—has tensile strength, flexibility,
durability.

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CHAPPELL
Etc., Etc.

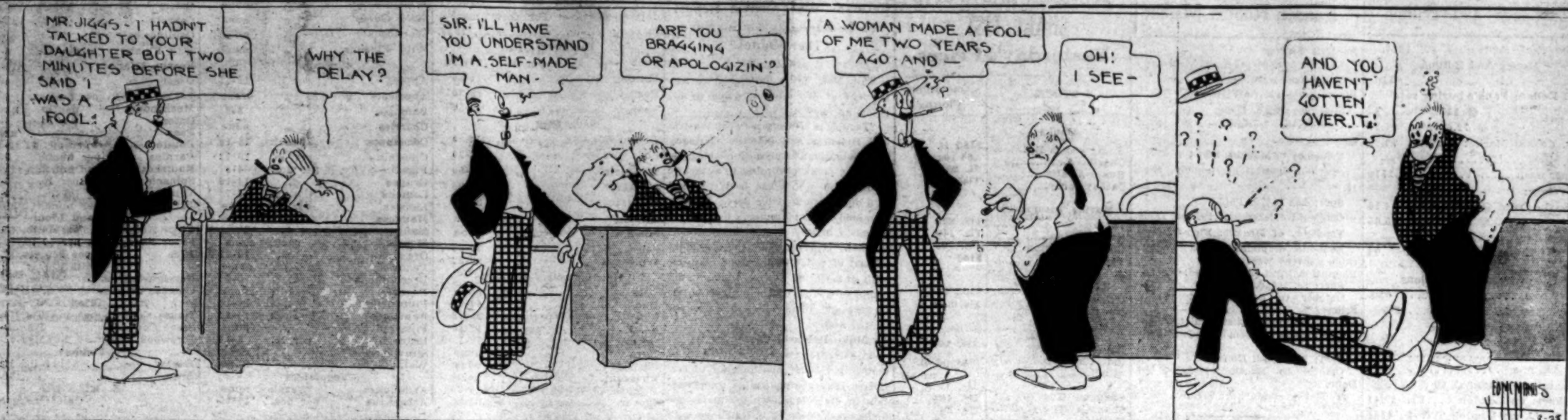
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The British-American Piano House
NANKING ROAD
SOLE AGENTS
for the
Best American Pianos

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Francis Bacon Piano, Hamilton-Baldwin Piano,
Etc., Etc.

THE COLUMBIA GRAFONOLA
COLUMBIA RECORDS, English and American

Bringing Up Father

By George McManus



Love, Home and Table Topics
By Clever Writers

Daily Home Magazine Page

A Good Page to Read in the
Leisure Hour

Novel Cases In The Courts

The Supreme Court of Illinois has held in *Condon vs. Village of Forest Park* that the game of golf is not subject to the public power of a municipality. The Supreme Court affirmed a decree of the lower court granting an injunction restraining the village from attempting to enforce a license imposed on golf courses. Justice Cartwright, writing the opinion, said:

"The police power of the State extends to the protection of the lives, health, comfort, and quiet of all persons and the protection of all property within the State. In the exercise of that power the General Assembly may suppress and prohibit any practice, trade, or business endangering the public welfare and safety or may regulate any business in such manner as may be necessary for the safety, morals, and welfare of the people and may delegate that power to municipalities. It is for the courts to determine what are the subjects for the exercise of the police power and to determine whether an attempted exercise of the power in a particular instance is reasonably necessary to the comfort, morals, safety, or welfare of the community, and the power is restricted by those provisions of the Constitution which forbid unequal laws or an arbitrary invasion of personal rights of property."

"To sustain an act or ordinance under the police power the court must be able to see that it tends in some degree to the prevention of offenses or the preservation of the public health, morals, safety, or welfare. If it is manifest that a statute or ordinance has no such object, but under the guise of a police regulation is an invasion of the property rights of the individual, it is the duty of the court to declare it void. The game of golf is a healthful and harmless recreation of the same

class as lawn tennis and other like games, which do not attract crowds or tend to disorder or call for police supervision or regulation. It has never been known to affect in any injurious way the public health, order, safety, or morals. The fact that the game has attractions which induce players to practice it does not change its character to an amusement or entertainment provided for the public. It is not a subject for the exercise by the police of the police power."

By a vote of 4 to 3 the Supreme Court of Wisconsin has decided in *Legault vs. Malackie* (163 N. W. 476) that notwithstanding a statute making the owner of a dog responsible for any injury by it, yet, as it is not intended by such statute, to forbid the keeping of dogs but only as they manifest symptoms of danger to others, an owner of a dog that was afflicted with rabies is not responsible for his biting another where the dog became thus afflicted suddenly. The Central Law Journal commenting on the case said:

"Dogs are taxed and the keeping of them licensed, and if any infirmity like rabies overtakes them it would enter rather in the category of that which is within what may be called an act of God."

An unlicensed dog is not a trespasser on a highway, and his owner may maintain an action for damages against the owner of an automobile whose chauffeur willfully or negligently on a public highway runs down such dog. *Lacker vs. Straus*, Mass., 116 N. E. 236.

Stein vs. Morris, (91 South-eastern Reporter, 177,) passes on the question of property rights in ideas. The defendant is one of the originators of the "Morris Plan of Industrial Banking," the motive of which seems to be to induce impecunious people to invest \$1 a week in \$50 shares of certain "Class C" stock, the stock not to bear any interest until half paid for, and then only 4 per cent until entirely paid for, when it shall be convertible into 5 per cent. "Class B" stock; thus giving the banking concern the use of the purchase money at an exceedingly low rate of interest. The inducement to buy the stock is that the holder shall always be able to borrow money on it without other security, an inducement which experience has shown to be sufficient to attract so that the institutions operating on the "Morris Plan" have proved highly successful.

Plaintiff alleged the plan was the embodiment of a scheme he had evolved and confidentially communicated to defendant, that the latter might in the course of his profession as a lawyer interest the public in it. The Supreme Court of Appeals of Virginia, in the first place, doubted whether the system was original with plaintiff. It then held, on the assumption that it was original, that he could not have a property right in such a method or idea for conducting business without any physical means or devices for carrying it out, and that as soon as he put it in operation it became the property of mankind. The court was further of the opinion that no communication to a lawyer for the purpose of having it brought to the attention of the public was privileged.

In a prosecution for violation of a blind tiger ordinance evidence that defendant's wife was seen taking packages from his home to his place of business in the morning

was neither irrelevant nor immaterial. *Vittillard v. City of Mason, Ga.*, 92 S. E. 554.

The legality and the respectability of the business of raising pigs, and the importance of being friendly toward a neighbor, are touched on by the Supreme Court of Wisconsin in affirming the judgment in *Clark vs. Wambold*, which dismissed a suit to restrain the defendant from raising pigs adjacent to plaintiff's premises on the east shore of Eagle Lake, Waukesha County. Chief Justice Winslow said:

"The raising of pigs is a perfectly lawful and respectable business. Doubtless it will remain so as long as the human palate craves the thin cut of juicy ham and the crisp slice of breakfast bacon. 'Insistence on extreme legal rights is not always good policy, to say nothing of good neighborliness. It is better to make a friend of one's neighbor by foregoing, at his request, the exercise of some minor right which causes his discomfort, than to make an enemy of him by insisting upon the right simply because the law gives it. . . . A good neighbor is a great treasure. We can generally have such treasures if we are neighborly ourselves. The golden rule is just as good a rule of conduct now as it was nineteen hundred years ago."

In *Scriven vs. City of Lebanon*, before the Supreme Court of Kansas, the validity of an ordinance imposing a tax of \$250 a year for selling sweet cider was at issue. The defendant urged that the ordinance served a useful purpose in keeping the cider traffic out of the hands of bootleggers, but the court held that the tax was neither just nor reasonable. Justice Dawson said in his opinion:

"Drawing upon our judicial knowledge of that specimen of the genus homo, a bootlegger is a person who sells intoxicating liquors on the sly, carrying his wares in his bootleg, in his pockets, or keeping them in some fitting hole in the wall of easy access to himself and provokingly hard of discovery to the officers of the law. When such person establishes himself in a definite place of business,

where, by skillful legerdemain, he can sell or pretend to sell the innocent juice of the apple as well as beer—both 'near' and 'far'—and other intoxicants, the niceties of the Kansas language designate him as a

'jointist,' and no longer in the plebeian class of 'bootlegger.'"

"In the prevailing opinion some speculation is indulged in regarding the effect this dissenting opinion may have on the child, and its welfare in after years when she shall grow up and become a woman. There is absolutely no ground whatever for apprehension on the part of my

brethren on that ground. The present interest and future welfare of the child is not, and will not be, prejudiced by the dissenting opinion. Whatever misfortune may come to this unfortunate child because of this litigation will be due not to the dissenting opinion, but to the prevailing opinions." Per McCarty, C. J., dissenting, in *Harrison vs. Harker*, 44 Utah 621.

The Stain Remover

REMOVES:—

Iron Mould, Ink, Tea, Fruit, Wine, Medicine and Mildew Stains from Linen, Silk, etc., also stains from Dull Gilt and Marble articles.



Will not injure the most delicate fabric and will not injure the skin. "MOOVOL" is a wonderful invention and is the only Stain Remover guaranteed not to injure the fabrics.

Obtainable from all CHEMISTS, STATIONERS and STORES.



The Paint with the largest Sale in China

"Cygnite" White ready for use

Specially manufactured for the Far Eastern Climate.

"Cygnite" will last where White Zinc, White Lead and other Paints fail, will neither powder off nor assume a glassy condition.

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HUMPHREY AUTOMATIC HEATERS
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LATEST AUTOMATIC GAS WATER HEATERS

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Fixed in the basement, and connected to water and gas supply, a turn of the faucet in kitchen or bathroom automatically turns on Gas and Water. Call at the Show-Rooms and see installation at work. Get estimate for fixing.

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You need not be an Expert

to be able to pick the babies out who have been brought up on



Condensed Milk

Babies who have been fed, during the first twelve months of their lives, on this pure rich milk from disease-free cows, are healthy and sturdy, and able to withstand the many infantile maladies to which they are subject in this country.

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, September 17, 1917.

Money And Bullion

Gold Dollars Bank's buying rate

@ 117 = Tls. 85

@ 72.6 = Mex. \$1.17

Mex. dollars Market rate 72.35

Bar Silver 1773

Copper Cash

Sovereigns:

Buying rate @ 4/10 = Tls. 4.10

exch. @ 72.6 = Mex. \$5.65

Peking Bar

Native Interest .08

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver 51d.

Bank Rate of Discount 5%

Market rate of discount:

3 m-s. %

4 m-s. %

6 m-s. %

Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.

Ex. N. Y. on London T.T. \$ 47.41

Consols .47

Exchange Closing Quotations

London .T.T. 4/10 1/2

London Demand 4/10 1/2

India (nominal) T.T. 343

Paris .T.T. 672

New York Demand 672

New York Demand 116 1/2

Hongkong .T.T. 66 1/2

Japan .T.T. 44

Batavia .T.T. 275 1/2

Banks Buying Rates

London 4 m-s. Cds. 5 1/2

London 6 m-s. Cds. 5 1/2

London 6 m-s. Docy. 5 1/2

Paris 6 m-s. Docy. 5 1/2

New York 4 m-s. 120 1/2

Customs House Exchange Rates For

September

Hk. Tls. 3.95 @ 4/6 1/2

1 @ 62 1/2 = Francs 6.98

1 No quotation Marks 15.69

0.83 @ 108 1/2 Gold \$1

1 @ 47 1/2 Yen 2.36

1 @ 15 Rupees 3.81

1 @ 600 Roubles 6.68

1 @ 1.50 Mex. \$1.50

† Nominal.

Stock Exchange

Transactions

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Shanghai, September 17, 1917.

Official

Shanghai Lands 6% debts. 1909

@ Tls. 75.00

Shanghai Hotels \$9.00

Butes Tls. 0.25

Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij

(Netherlands Trading Society)

The following is the General Balance Sheet and the Profit and Loss Account for the year ended December 31, 1916:

The General Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account to December 31, 1916, show that the net profits amount to fl. 1,350,150.26 (1915, fl. 846), out of which, after providing for the Statutory Reserve to the extent of fl. 670,030.05 (1139,168) a dividend of 15% has been declared.

In the course of 1916 two issues to Shareholders have been made of each 5,000 new shares of fl. 10.00. The total paid up capital has thus been increased to fl. 600,000.00.

Liabilities	
Capital paid up in full	fl. 500,000.00
Reserve fund	966,288
Special Reserves	1,041,667
Fixed Deposits	6,193,675
Current Accounts of the Government of the Netherlands, balance	12,047,937
proceeds of produce	50,917
Bills payable	292,286
Sundry Creditors	2,626,423
Officers' Pension Fund	125,000
Dividends	765,765
Balance carried forward to new Account	2,101
Total	fl. 29,101,959

Assets	
Cash in hand and at Bankers	14,986,589
Government and other	3,579,702
Stocks and Debentures	5,005,971
Bills receivable	5,402,854
Sundry Debtors and Current Accounts	9,352,303
Loans receivable	769,167
Estates and Shares in	
Total	fl. 29,101,959

"BICKERTON'S"

PRIVATE HOTEL

Established 23 years.

143 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by tram. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. 60 rooms, separate baths, with hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

London Rubber Market

Reuter's Service

London, September 14.—Today's rubber prices were:

Plantation First Latex Crepe:

Spot: 2s. 10 1/2 d. Done.

October to December: 2s. 11 1/4 d. Done.

Tendency of Market: Steady.

Previous Quotations, London, Sept. 13.

Spot: 2s. 10 1/2 d. Paid.

October to December: 2s. 11 d. Done.

Tendency of Market: Firmer.

London, September 15.—Today's rubber prices were:

Plantation First Latex Crepe:

Spot: 2s. 10 1/2 d. Buyers.

October to December: 2s. 11 1/4 d. Sellers.

Tendency of Market: Quiet.

Previous Quotation, London, Sept. 14.

Spot: 2s. 10 1/2 d. Done.

October to December: 2s. 11 1/4 d. Done.

Tendency of Market: Steady.

BAR SILVER

Reuter's Service

London, September 14.—Today's silver prices were:

Bar Silver Spot: 51d. Very Firm.

Previous Quotation, London, Sept. 13.

Bar Silver Spot: 50d. Firm but quiet.

London, September 15.—Today's silver prices were:

Bar Silver Spot: 51d. Firm.

New York, September 15.—Bar Silver 100 1/4 d.

Rise due largely to heavy withdrawal of gold and the substitution of silver.

New York, September 15.—Demand Drafts on London 475.50.

Previous Quotation, London, Sept. 14.

Bar Silver Spot: 51d. Very Firm.

SILK MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, September 14.—Today's silk prices were:

Silk Price of Blue Elephant 22s.

Silk Price of Gold Killing 19s. to 19s. 6d.

U. K. METAL MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, September 14.—Today's metal prices were:

Standard Copper G. M. B.

f. o. b. 120 5/8

American Electrolytic 99

90% Copper f. o. b. 127 0/0

Lead L. B. C. I. f. per ton. Nominal.

Soft Lead "Spanish" f. o. b. 30 0/0

Quicksilver, Second hand

Ex Warehouse f. o. b.

(1s. Extra in flask) 20 0/0

Muntz Metal, f. o. b.

London or Liverpool

(less 1/2%) Nominal.

Standard Tin (Cash) 245 10 0

Spelter (ord soft) f. o. b.

Galvanised Sheets 24

Gauge f. o. b. 26 5 0

Standard Tin (3 Months) 244 10 0

BENJAMIN AND POTTS

SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK

Quotations

Closing

Banks

A. K. and S. B.

Chartered

Russo-Asiatic

Cathay, ordy.

Marine Insurance

Canton

North China

Union of Canton

Yangtze

Fire Insurance

China Fire

Wongkong Fire

Shipping

Indo-China Pref.

Indo-China Def.

Shell

Shanghai Tug (o)

Shanghai Tug (i)

Kochien

Mining

Kaping

Oriental Cons.

Phillipine

Raub

Docks

Wongkong Dock

Shanghai Dock

New Eng. Works

Wharves

Shanghai Wharf

Hongkong Wharf

Lands and Hotels

Anglo French Land

China Land

Shanghai Land

Weihsui Land

Shanghai Hotels Ltd.

China Realty (ord)

China Realty (pref.)

Cotton Mills

S. W. Pref.

S. W. Pref.

International (pref.)

Laou-kung-mow

Oriental

Shanghai Cotton

Kung Yik

Yangtzepoo

Yangtzepoo Pref.

Industrials

Butler Tile

China Sugar

Green Island

Langkat

Major Bros.

Shanghai Sumatra

Stores

Hall and Holtz

Clewell

Lane, Crawford

Moutrie

Watson

Weeks

Rubbers (Local)

Jima

Jember

Anglo-Java

Anglo-Dutch

Ayer Tawah

Satu Anam 1913

Sukit Toh Alang

Sute

Chemor United

Chempedak

Consolidated

Dominion

Gula Kalumpung

Java Consolidated

Kamunting

Kapala

Kapayang

Karan

Kota Bahru

Krookow Java

Padang

Pengkalen Durian

Permata

Repah

Samagasa

Seokee

Semangau

Semawang

Shanghai Kiehang

Shanghai Malay

Shanghai Malay-pref.

Shanghai Pahang

Sungai

Sungel Duri

Sua Manggis

Thal Kalantan

Shanghai Seremban

Semping

Tanah Merah

Telokong

Siobri

tiangbe

Miscellaneous

J. I. and E. Lumber

Jully Dairy

Fhai Elec. and Asb.

Shanghai Trams

Shanghai Gas

Korse Bazaar

Shanghai Mercury

Fhai Telephone

Fhai Waterworks

L. Sellers, Sa., Sales, B. Buyers.

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LANGKAT DAILY OUTPUT

The following telegraphic information has been received by the general agent from the Sumatra director and manager of the Maatschappij tot Mijne Bosch-en Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat:

"The outputs of crude oil for September 14, 15 and 16 were 80, 79 and 78 tons respectively."

CENTRAL GROUP MAY

SOON BEGIN TO BREAK

Germany And Austria Report-

ed To Be Ready To Sacrifice

Their Dupes

The New York Tribune's correspondent at Washington wires to his paper as follows:

"Trouble is brewing between Austria and Bulgaria and between Germany and Bulgaria, and already nearing the breaking point, according to authentic information which has been received in a diplomatic quarter here. Austria was said to be planning a betrayal of Bulgaria in the peace negotiations. Germany is irritated by the persistent refusal of Bulgaria to sever relations with the United States, which would complete the alignment of the Central Powers and their allies against the United States.

To Make Bulgaria Pay

"Austria, foreseeing the necessity of restoring Serbia, and fearing to lose Bosnia-Herzegovina, ample compensation in Macedonia, which, under the understood terms of the alliance with Bulgaria, would go to the latter in the event of a Teutonic victory or a draw.

"The information came in a roundabout way from Berlin, and for that reason it is believed that the German Government is cognizant of it, if not a party to Austria's treachery against Bulgaria. It also was considered possible that the Sofia Ministry has been acquainted with Austria's design, in order that Germany might the better exercise influence in Bulgaria, which country, from all reports, is satisfied with its conquests and is lukewarm towards any proposal that it enlarge its participation in the war.

"Austria," an Entente diplomat here said recently, is playing a familiar card in seeking to serve her own interests at the expense of an ally. Throughout Austria's history, the Hapsburgs have sought to sacrifice others, friends as readily as foes, in the dynasty's interests. This practice has been consistently followed by Austria in recent years.

Always Treacherous

"Austria's occupation of Bosnia-Herzegovina in 1908, in violation of treaty obligations, was winked at by Europe, which nevertheless was given a cause for war. Austria sacrificed Italy in every possible way during the Italian-Turkish War, and the fact that Italy was Austria's ally did not deter the latter from obstructing Italy all she could. The war lasted a year longer than it otherwise would on account of the Austrian opposition to Italy's carrying the war into Turkey. Italy fought with Turkish troops only in Tripoli, because Vienna threatened Rome with war should the fighting be taken to Turkish soil.

"For the past twenty years Austria has been pursuing policies that aimed at the eradication of the Serbian and Italian influences in her population. She has not hesitated to play one part of her own population against another part, race against race, to make the dynasty and its dominions the more secure. In her foreign diplomacy it has been the aim of Austria to create misunderstandings between other countries.

"Now Austria is prepared to sacrifice Bulgaria just as Germany is ready to sacrifice Turkey.

Will Split With Germany

"Despatches of a confidential nature received from abroad state that both Bulgaria and Turkey are distrustful of Germany and are only awaiting the conclusion of the war to cast off the German domination. Reports believed to be reliable state that Turkey, especially, is dissatisfied with German tutelage, but realises that if she continues in the war she must rely largely upon Germany until its termination. It was declared to be the intention of the Bulgarian and Turkish Governments, however, to divorce themselves from the German influence when peace is re-established. It is believed that the conventions relating to commerce and communication now being negotiated at Vienna at a conference which began yesterday, and which is attended by representatives of Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey and Bulgaria, will have only a war life, and will not be adhered to by the two last-named countries after the war."

COMMERCIAL CABLES

Reuter's Service

London, September 14.—Today's rates, prices and deliveries were:

Consols 2 1/4% for account .£55 1/2

Cheques on London at

Paris .Fr. 27.18

T. T. on London at New

York .G. \$4.76 1/2

Bar Silver (Spot) .51d.

Bank of England Rate of

Discount .5%

Market rate of Discount, 4-13/16%

Cotton: Egyptian F. G. P. 28.00d.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
 Reserve Fund 1,000,000
 Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,200,000

Head Office: 25 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Court of Directors: Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.

Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.

T. Cuthbertson, Esq.

Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.

W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.

The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.

W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.

Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Banks: The Bank of England.

The London City & Midland Bank Limited.

The London County and Westminster Bank Limited.

The National Provincial Bank of England Limited.

The National Bank of Scotland Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar, Delhi, Puket, Bangkok, Ipoh, Rangoon, Batavia, Kanchi, Saigon, Bombay, Kiang, Seremban, Calcutta, Kobe, Singapore, Canton, Kuala Lumpur, Shanghai, Cebu, Madras, Sourabaya, Colombo, Malacca, Taiping, Delhi, Manila, (F. M. S.), Foochow, Medan, Tavoy (Lower), Hiphong, New York, Burma, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Hongkong, Penang, Yokohama.

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for Collection, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

L. R. BRENNER, Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital Frs. 48,000,000.00

Reserve Fund Frs. 48,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok, Hanoi, Saigon, Battambang, Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Mengtze, Singapore, Djibouti, Noumea, Tientsin, Dondichery, Peking, Tourane, Haiphong, Papete, Hankou, Fnom-Penh.

Banks:

In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.

In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Pays-Bas; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN, Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique

Societe Anonyme

Paid-up Capital Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.

London office: 2 Bishopsgate.

Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

President: JEAN JADOT

Gouverneur Societe Generale de Belgique.

Banks:

London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.

Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.

Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.

Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.

Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.

New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS, Manager for China.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital £15,000,000

Reserve Funds: Sterling, £1,500,000 @ 2s. 115,000,000

Silver 18,500,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors £15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Court of Directors: Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell, Chairman.

Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Deputy Chairman.

Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton.

F. C. Butcher, Esq.

A. H. Compton, Esq.

G. T. M. Edkins, Esq.

C. S. Gubbay, Esq.

E. V. D. Parr, Esq.

W. L. Pattenden, Esq.

Chief Manager: Hongkong-N. J. STARR.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy, Ipoh, Peking, Bangkok, Johore, Penang, Batavia, Kobe, Rangoon, Bombay, Kuala Lumpur, Saigon, Calcutta, London, S. Francisco, Canton, Lyons, Shanghai, Colombo, Malacca, Sourabaya, Poochow, Manila, Sourabaya, Hankow, Nagasaki, Tientsin, Harbin, New York, Tsingtau, Iloilo, Yokohama.

London Bankers: London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.

Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN, Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

Capital (fully-paid) 55,000,000

Reserve Fund 26,000,000

Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government 3,500,000

Reserve Fund 1,750,000

Head Office: PETROGRAD.

Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.

London Office: 64, Old Broad St. E.C.

Banks:

London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.

Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.

Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

For Eastern Branches and Agencies: Bombay, Harbin, Peking, Changchun, Hongkong, Shanghai, Chefoo, Newchwang, Tientsin, Dairen, Nicolayovsk, Vladivostok, Hallan, O-Amur, Yokohama, Hankow.

55 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZERSKI, G. CARRERE, Managers for China, Japan and India.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-Up Capital \$ 300,000.00

Reserve \$ 10,000.00

Deposits (June 30, 1917) \$ 1,590,000.00

Correspondents at principal cities in China, and domestic exchange a specialty.

Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Current accounts in both taels and dollars with interest, may be opened on application.

Particulars of interest allowed on fixed deposits, in both taels and dollars, will be furnished on request.

K. P. CHEN, General Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorized Capital \$60,000,000

Paid-up Capital \$10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Branches and Agencies:

Peking, Tientsin, Newchwang, Mukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kailung, Hankow, Ichang, Shanghai, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Foochow, Canton, Nanchang, Taiquen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH, 3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts in Taels at the rate of 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.

For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.

For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG, Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office: 12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than \$1. or over \$100. will be received at one time.

Not more than \$1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of \$5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance.

Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij

(NEDERLANDSE TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital—Gulden 60,000,000 (about £6,000,000)

Reserve Fund—Gulden 11,595,461 (about £1,159,546)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.

Head Agency: BATAVIA

Agencies in Holland: THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin, Padang, Soerakarta, Bandong, Palembang, Tebing-Tinggi, Cheribon, Pekalongan, Tegal, Djember, Penang, Telok-Betong, Djokjakarta, Pontianak, Tjilatjap, Hongkong, Rangoon, Weltevreden, Kota-Radia, Semarang, Langsa, Singapore, Makassar, Soerabaya, Medan.

London Bankers: Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in taels and dollars.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYBERG, Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000

Paid-up Capital...Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:

For 3 months at 3 per annum.

For 6 months at 4 per annum.

For 12 months at 5 per annum.

On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL, Chief Manager.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorized Capital H.\$2,000,000

Subscribed and paid up Capital H.\$1,871,500

Reserve Fund H.\$ 120,000

Investment reserve fund...H.\$ 20,000

Head Office:

Shanghai Office: No. 2 Ningpo Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG, Act. Manager.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorized Capital H.\$2,000,000

Subscribed and paid up Capital H.\$1,871,500

Reserve Fund H.\$ 120,000

Investment reserve fund...H.\$ 20,000

Head Office:

Shanghai Office: No. 2 Ningpo Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus...U.S. \$6,500,000.00

Undivided Profits..... 1,010,000.00

U.S. \$7,510,000.00

HEAD OFFICE: 55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

National City Bank Building.

London Office: 26 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Branches:

Bombay, Hongkong, Peking, Calcutta, Kobe, San Francisco, Canton, London, Santo Domingo, Cebu, Manila, San Pedro de, Colon, Medellin, Macoris, (Cristobal C.Z.), Shanghai, Singapore, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Through its close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the branches of that institution established at:

Bahia, Buenos Aires, Rio de Janeiro, Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Genoa, San Paulo, Montevideo, Valparaiso, Petrograd.

The Corporation issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT on terms which may be ascertained on application, and transacts all other descriptions of Banking and Exchange business.

H. C. GULLAND, Manager.

14 Kiukiang Road, SHANGHAI.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorized by Presidential Mandates of April 7, 1914 and October 31, 1915.

Paid up Capital: Kunming Tael 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

50 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credit granted on Approved Securities and Every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

CHAO CHING HUA, Manager.

SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH, No. 1 Kiukiang Road

Capital Yen 30,000,000

Capital (Paid-up) Yen 18,750,000

Reserve Yen 1,470,000

Deposits Yen 120,000,000

President, Baron K. Sumitomo

Head Office: OSAKA.

Branches:

Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kyoto, Osaka, Kobe, Hyogo, Onomichi, Kure, Niigata, Hiroshima, Yanai, Shimoda, Moji, Wakanatsu, Kukuoka, Kurume, Honolulu, San Francisco, Bombay and Hankow.

London Bankers: LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED, New York Bankers: NATIONAL CITY BANK OF N. Y.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.

S. KAWAHARA, Manager.

Tel. No. 3536 (Sumitomo Bank).

Tel. No. 4663 (Compradore Office).

中孚銀行

Chung Foo Union Bank

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916

Head Office: Tientsin

Capital \$2,000,000.00

Paid-up Capital \$1,000,000.00

Managing Director: SUN TAO SAN

Branches and Agencies:

Tientsin, Chinkiang, Shanghai, Soochow, Peking, Wusieh, Hankow, Hangchow, Nanking, Ningpo, Yangchow, Shaohsing, Hauechow, Canton, Pengpu, Hongkong, Tsingklung.

Shanghai Branch, 441, Ningpo Road

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.

T. D. ZAR, Sub-manager.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1917

Date and Destination	Per	Chl.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg.
Today							
Wei-haiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Shuntien	13.30	13.30				13.00
Europe via Siberia (Express)	Via Pukow		7.0				17.17
Japan via Nagasaki	Chikugo maru					11.00	10.30
Wei-haiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Koonshing	10.30	10.30				10.00
Hongkong			10.30				
Japan			10.30				
River Ports	Loongwo	21.00					21.00
Japan Ports	Chikugo maru	10.00					9.30
Chefoo and Tientsin	Taishun	10.30					10.00
Tientsin	Protea	21.00	17.00		17.0		21.00
Vinpo and Wenchow	Kwangchi	21.00					21.00
Hankow and Canton	Korea maru	18.00					14.30
Hongkong and Canton	Cordillere	7.30					7.00
H'kong, S. Ports, Aust. Straits, Ceylon, India & E'pe	do		7.30				
Hongkong and beyond	do		8.30				
Peking and Tientsin (Every day)	Korea maru				17.0		16.00
Tientsin (Daily except Sunday)	Train				17.00		17.00
Hankow			17.00				
Ningpo	Kiangteen		15.00				
Tomorrow							
Europe via Siberia	Via Pukow	21.00			18.00		17.30
Amoy, Hongkong and Canton	Sinkiang	21.00			18.40	17.00	21.00
Amoy and Hongkong			17.00				
River Ports	Poyang	21.00					21.00
River Ports	Kiangwan	21.00					21.00
Thursday, Sept. 20.							
Japan via Moll	Kumano maru		11.30			12.00	11.30
Japan							
Wei-haiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Tanzhow	8.30					8.00
River Ports	Kiangyu	21.00					21.00
Japan Ports	Kumano maru	11.00					10.30
Wenzow and Hongkong			10.30				
E'pe via Siberia (P. Train)	Via Pukow		10.00				17.17
Saturday, Sept. 22.							
Japan via Nagasaki	Yawata maru					11.00	12.30
Monday, Sept. 24.							
Europe via Siberia	Via Pukow	21.00					
Tuesday, Sept. 25.							
Dalny, Manchuria & Europe ..	Sakaki maru					11.00	14.00

SHIPPING

N. Y. K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to alteration.)

EUROPEAN LINE
For London or Liverpool via ports
(For Liverpool)

	Tons	
IYO MARU	12,500	Sept. 24
KITANO MARU	16,000	Sept. 30
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Oct. 14

FOR HONGKONG.
INABA MARU 12,500 Capt. K. Higo, Sept. 25

AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B.C., and Seattle, Wash.

INABA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Higo,	Oct. 13
YOKOHAMA MARU	12,500	Capt. T. Terada,	Oct. 29
SADO MARU	12,500	Capt. M. Shinohara,	Nov. 17

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. Y. Yui,	Sept. 18
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yasuhara,	Sept. 22
HAKUAI MARU	5,000	Capt. K. Takano,	Sept. 25
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Sudzuki,	Sept. 29
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida,	Oct. 2

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji.)

KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	Sept. 20
KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yagi,	Sept. 27

KOBE TO SEATTLE

TAMBA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Akamatsu,	Oct. 5
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FOR JAPAN

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Iriawara,	Sept. 29
INABA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Higo,	Oct. 13

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila.)

TANGO MARU	14,000	Sept. 18, 1917
NIKKO MARU	10,000	Oct. 16, 1917
AKI MARU	12,500	Nov. 13, 1917

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, apply to
T. IRIAWARA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusei, Shanghai, Tel. No. 2729.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)
000 = Midnight, 1330 = 130 p.m.

July 1st, 1917, and until further notice

Mail	Local	Express	Mail	Local	Express
101	101	101	101	101	101
102	102	102	102	102	102
103	103	103	103	103	103
104	104	104	104	104	104
105	105	105	105	105	105
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Express Express

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Sailors' War Orphans Fund

(Under the Auspices of the Navy League and the British and Foreign Sailors' Society.)

Subscription List No. 82

	Tls.	\$	f	s.	d.
S.W.W.					2 2 0
"Toast"					1 05
Eastern Extension A. and C. Tel. Co.					
Ltd. Foreign Staff		96.00			
Previously acknowledged	22,066.88	54,932.74	3,885	14	6
	22,066.88	54,929.79	3,887	16	0
Remitted to London	22,036.88	54,742.74	3,885	14	6
	30.00	187.05		2	2 0

Shanghai, September 17, 1917.

S. MASON,
Hon. Treasurer,
c/o Butterfield & Swire.

Business and Official Notices

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2465.

NORMAL SCHOOL.

THE Municipal Normal School, founded for the education of Chinese teachers of English, will open on Monday, October 1, at 5 p.m., at the Public School for Chinese, Elgin and Cunningham Roads.

Hours of Classes.—Normal classes will be held on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday evenings from 5 p.m. to 7 p.m., and on Saturdays from 9 a.m. to 11 a.m.

Subjects.—The curriculum will include the following subjects:—

Elementary Psychology (theoretical and experimental).

The teaching of English (a) to beginners, (b) to 4th and 5th year pupils, (c) to 4th and 5th year pupils.

The teaching of Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry and Trigonometry.

The teaching of Geography, History, Drawing, Vocal Music and Drill (Calisthenics, Military and Scout Drill).

English Pronunciation (including Phonetics and practice in Reading and Speaking).

Length of Terms.—The first (or Winter) Term will last from October 1 to December 22, 1917.

The second (or Summer) Term will last from March until May, 1918.

Fees.—Although organized especially for teachers in the Municipal schools for Chinese, the Normal School will be open to other teachers on the following terms:

One subject per term..... \$10
Two or more subjects per term..... \$20

Examinations and Certificates.—An examination will be held at the end of each school year (consisting of two terms) and certificates will be awarded to those who satisfy the examiners.

The final certificate of the Normal School will be granted only to those who attend the School for three years and who satisfy the examiners in the theory and practice of teaching, psychology as applied to teaching, school hygiene, and in English, or who reach the standard required by the College of Preceptors, England, for the diploma of Associate.

Registration.—The Principal will be in attendance at the Public School for Chinese on Saturday, September 29, from 9 a.m. to 10 a.m., and on Monday, October 1, at 4.30 p.m., to receive fees and admit pupils. All fees are payable in advance.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Acting Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, September 13, 1917.

KINGMAN & BROS.

DENTAL-SURGEONS
of the Philadelphia Dental College
and Garretson's Hospital of
Oral Surgery,
Philadelphia, U.S.A.,
Will perform all

Kind of dental operation on
modern Scientific principles
And supply
Teeth of Superior Workmanship in
Vulcanite, Gold and Alloy Plates,
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work.
All works are guaranteed to entire
satisfaction.

No. 40 Szechuen Road.

THE Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

FRENCH FORCE ENEMY TO GIVE BACK GAINS

Germans Breach Front Line at
Caurieres Only Over Night;
Admit British Success

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, September 16.—The official communique issued on Friday evening reported: On the right bank of the Meuse, after a violent bombardment, the Germans attacked the positions we recently captured north of Caurieres Wood, penetrating our advanced line on a front of 500 meters. Fighting continued.

The communique yesterday afternoon reported: We drove the enemy out of the greater portion of the trench elements, north of Caurieres Wood, which they penetrated yesterday.

The communique in the evening reported: There have been violent artillery actions at Laffaux Mill and on the right of the Meuse. The French successfully raided the German trenches at Mont Haut, destroying observation posts and dug-outs.

Four German aeroplanes were destroyed in aerial combats.

The communique this evening reported: There has been considerable artillery work in the region of Bray and Cerny. A fresh attack made by the Germans on the right bank of the Meuse, north of Caurieres Wood, was repulsed. On the left bank, there has been a lively artillery action in the neighborhood of Mort Homme.

British Progress

London, September 16.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reported on Friday evening: We made progress and secured prisoners in the neighborhood of Winnipeg cross-roads, north-eastward of St. Julien.

The enemy's artillery has been active in the Lens sector. There has been a considerable reciprocal artillery action eastward of Ypres.

Despite the bad weather, our aeroplanes dropped eighty bombs on the enemy's billets eastward of Lens and used their machine-guns against the enemy's troops in the open and in the trenches. Three of our machines are missing.

Sir Douglas Haig reported yesterday afternoon: We improved our position eastward of Westhoek. An attack made by the enemy on the ground we had gained north-eastward of St. Julien failed.

The hostile artillery was active northward of Langemarck.

Sir Douglas Haig reported in the evening: Men of the London Regiment carried out a successful operation northward of Inverness Copse and captured a strong point held by the enemy, taking 36 prisoners at little cost.

The Durhams made a successful raid westward of Cherisy and captured 22 prisoners. Our casualties were slight.

Portuguese Repulse Raid

The Portuguese repulsed raiders in the neighborhood of Neuve-Chapelle. The enemy left a number of dead and wounded on the ground. We repulsed

raiders southward of Armentieres, without loss.

Despite cloudy weather and a wind in favor of the enemy, our airmen dropped eleven heavy bombs on the railway station northward of Charleroi and seventy-five bombs on the railway stations, billets and encampments nearer our lines. We brought down three enemy machines and drove down six. Four of ours are missing.

Sir Douglas Haig reported today: We again raided Cherisy and penetrated as far as the western outskirts of the village. In addition to prisoners and wounded, we killed over 70 Germans in these raids.

We drove off raiders northward of Lens and repulsed a counter-attack northward of Inverness Copse made by the enemy in an effort to retake the strong point we captured yesterday.

Sir Douglas Haig reported this evening: The enemy made raids in the neighborhood of the Ypres to Comines Canal and eastward of Messines. A few of our men are missing.

The enemy heavily bombarded our positions northward of Langemarck and their infantry attempted to advance, but our counter-barrage prevented the attack developing. There has been considerable artillery work in the Ypres sector.

Our aeroplanes co-operated with our artillery and, despite the wind favoring the enemy, dropped three tons of bombs on the two aerodromes eastward of Courtrai and the aerodrome and ammunition-dump north-eastward of Cambrai and also on enemy billets and huts. We brought down six enemy machines and drove down two. Four of ours are missing.

German Bulletins

(By wireless).—A German official communique yesterday reported: "Our counter-attacks frustrated a British attempt at St. Julien. We ejected the French who had penetrated our positions on the Somme to Souain road. We stormed a height eastward of Chaume Wood and captured 300 men."

A German official communique today reported: "Northward of the Menin to Ypres road, the British forced our foremost trenches over a breadth of one Company. The British broke through on a front of 1,500 meters at Cherisy, using flame-throwers and armored cars. We threw them out after hand-to-hand fighting. A second attempt also broke down."

The C.M. s.s. Kiangsu left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Taisei Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The L.C. s.s. Laitheo left Hankow for Shanghai, via Chefoo and Weihaiwei on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Anhui left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.

The L.C. s.s. Kutwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Luany left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The H.O. s.s. Tehsing left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Sunning will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Hsien left Fochow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The K.M.A. s.s. Kiangping (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Saturday.

The K.M.A. s.s. Kenkon Maru (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangkung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The L.C. s.s. Kiangwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ningpo:—Mr. C. S. Peacock and Mr. P. E. A. Wallace.

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Ninghsiao from Ningpo:—Mr. Gault, Mr. C. H. Tiers, and Mr. J. A. Thomas.

Per C.N. s.s. Chungking from Hankow:—Captain A. Partridge.

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangwah from Hankow:—Mrs. Lowhurst.

Per C.N. s.s. Sungkiang from Hongkong:—Mr. Lyle, Mrs. H. Smith, and Mr. S.M.R. s

Business and Official Notices

French Municipal School

(247 Avenue Joffre—Telephone 455)

CLASSE ENFANTINE AND JARDIN D'ENFANTS

Re-opening on 24th September at 9 a.m.

The Classe Enfantine and Jardin d'Enfants are open to children of from 4½ to 7 years. The fees are \$5.00 per month including stationery and handwork materials (pencils, paints, coloured papers, silks, wools, plasticine, etc.).

The increasing success of the Infant Department, which numbered last year over 80 pupils, has led the French Municipal Council to enlarge the accommodation given to the younger children. Their department, erected under the most hygienic conditions possible, separated from the main school building, is composed of two class rooms each 1,000 sq. ft., a large gymnasium, lavatories, cloak-rooms, etc.

The Syllabus includes:

1. Froebel and Montessori exercises.
2. First lessons in reading and writing following the Montessori method.
3. Paper-cutting, drawing, modelling, painting.
4. Elementary exercises in language training, recitation, and arithmetic.
5. Singing in French and English; easy Tonic Sol-fa exercises.
6. Elementary knowledge of geography and history for the older children.
7. Gardening.

French and English are taught simultaneously by qualified mistresses and the experience of several years has shown that the children following this method are able to speak both languages fluently.

The classes are from 9 a.m. to 12 and from 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. and open with rhythmic action songs and exercises. Parents are invited to be present at the lessons and various exercises given on Thursday and Saturday mornings of each week. Children of European and American parentage only are admitted. The Head Master will receive applications for admission on Tuesday, 18th and Thursday, 20th, from 11 a.m. to 12, and on Saturday, 22nd, from 5 to 6.30 p.m.

By Order,
G. LAFERRIERE,
Secretary.

Ecole Municipale Française

(247 Avenue Joffre—Téléphone 455)

CLASSE ENFANTINE ET JARDIN D'ENFANTS

Réouverture le 24 Septembre à 9 heures.

La Classe enfantine et le Jardin d'Enfants sont ouverts aux enfants de 4 ans et demi à 7 ans; la répartition scolaire est fixée à \$5.00 par mois, y compris papeterie et matières fournie (crayons, couleurs, papiers, soies, laines, pâte à modeler, etc.).

Le succès croissant de la Classe enfantine, qui a compté l'année dernière plus de 80 élèves, a conduit la Municipalité Française à agrandir les locaux affectés aux petits. Leur quartier, établi dans les meilleures conditions hygiéniques possibles, isolé du bâtiment principal de l'Ecole, se compose maintenant de deux classes de 1,000 pieds carrés chacune, d'une vaste salle d'exercices, de lavabos, vestiaires, etc.

Le programme suivi comprend:

1. Exercices Froebel et Montessori;
2. Eléments de lecture et d'écriture suivant la méthode Montessori;
3. découpage, dessin, modelage, peinture;
4. exercices élémentaires de langage, de récitation et de calcul;
5. chant en français et en anglais; éléments de solfège;
6. notions de géographie et d'histoire pour les plus avancés en âge;
7. exercices de jardinage.

Les langues française et anglaise sont enseignées simultanément par des maîtresses qualifiées et l'expérience de plusieurs années a montré que les enfants formés suivant cette méthode arrivaient à parler avec aisance les deux langues.

Les classes ont lieu de 9 heures à midi et de 2 heures à 4 heures; et commencent par des exercices d'ensemble et des mouvements rythmés. Les parents sont invités à assister aux classes et à divers exercices le Jeudi et le Samedi matin de chaque semaine.

Il est rappelé que les enfants d'origine européenne et américaine sont seuls admis.

La Direction recevra les inscriptions le Mardi 18 et le Jeudi 20 Septembre de 11 heures à midi et le Samedi 22 de 5 heures à 6 h. 30.

Par Ordre,

Le Secrétaire du Conseil,
G. LAFERRIERE,
16158

NOTICE

The public is hereby notified that the Chinaware Shop, known as Jak-sing Sun, at No. 2023 North Szechuen Road, has, by a Bill of Sale executed this day, been transferred to Wong Kuo-sun, Esq., and is now managed by Mr. and Mrs. Jak-sing Wong.

Dr. HUA CHURN-MEI,
Attorney-at-Law,
127 Szechuen Road,
Shanghai, Sept. 10, 1917.

15118

NOTICE TO MARINERS,

No. 647.

China Sea.

Chefoo District—Chefoo Harbour.

Entrance to Inner Harbour under construction—Buoy moved.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Black Buoy, gas-lighted, marking the eastern side of the entrance to the Inner Harbour under construction in Chefoo Harbour, has been moved. From the Buoy, Tower Hill Lighthouse bears S. 3½° W., magnetic, distant 3,620 feet. The characteristics of the Buoy remain unchanged.

By Order of the Inspector General of Customs,

W. Ferd. Tyler,

Coast Inspector,

THE MARITIME CUSTOMS, Coast Inspector's Office, Shanghai, 17th September, 1917.

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2466.

REGISTRATION OF GERMAN AND AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN SUBJECTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that no German or Austro-Hungarian Subject will be permitted to reside within or to enter the Foreign Settlement or to pass upon any Municipal road after Saturday, October 6, unless provided with the requisite Permit which may be obtained upon application at the Town Hall.

To facilitate the issue of these Permits, the conditions of which must be strictly observed, all German and Austro-Hungarian Subjects resident within the Settlement or upon any Municipal road, are required to attend and register their names and addresses and produce their photographs (3 copies Passport size) at the Town Hall on any day excepting Sundays, after Thursday, September 20, and on or before Monday, October 1, between 9 a.m. and 12 noon and 2 p.m. and 5 p.m.

By order,

N. O. LIDDELL,

Acting Secretary.

Council Room, Shanghai, September 18, 1917.

The s.s. NIPPON is now discharging her cargo at the Shanghai-Hongkew Pootung East Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their B/Ls for counter-signature and take immediate delivery of the goods. All claims against this steamer must be sent in within ten days after completion of the steamer's discharge, or they will not be recognised. All risk of fire at the Wharf to be borne by the consignees of the goods. Examination of damaged cargo will take place at the Wharf on September 21st at 10.00 a.m.

THE ROBERT DOLLAR CO.,
Charterers.

No. 4 The Bund.

15157

D. Negris Co.

General Tobacconists

228a Szechuen Road

(at Junction of Jimkee Road)

N. E. Piazis & Co.

EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES

SMOKE

"Allies" and "Good Morning," and many other qualities

You will like them

Samples Free.

Have you tried our

"UPPER CRUST"

Rye Whiskey?

—THE WHISKEY—

—OF QUALITY—

Phone 2021

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

WINE MERCHANTS

78 Szechuen Road

ARE YOU DOING YOUR BIT?

ARE YOU SQUARE TO YOURSELF?

You know what education and training mean. You know the commercial value of being an expert in your profession!

USE YOUR SPARE TIME FOR STUDY!

American School of Correspondence

Dept. 5, 74 Nanking Road, Shanghai.

S. 20

Russian Educational Society

The lower class and detshi sad of the Russian School (25 Chaoufoong Road) will open on Thursday, the 20th September. For particulars apply Miss E. Kriger, School-building.

15151

Dr. J. A. Diaz, M.D.

has removed to No. 18 Nanking Road, Central Building.

CONSULTATION HOURS:

Daily 10 a.m. to noon and 2 p.m. till 5 p.m.

Telephone 2279.

15062

High-class Provisions

Constant arrivals of the best American and English Provisions, Wines and Spirits.

Only the best!

Motor Delivery Service

C. EDDIE & CO.

1132-3 Broadway, Shanghai.

Tel. North 639

14319

THERE are those whose will-power is very good when they have decided what they will do. But they find it difficult to arrive at a decision. They balance the pros and cons to weariness, and cannot settle the matter in hand. The truth is, their minds are confused, and it is but vaguely that they think at all. If this is your habit—that of indecision—you must summon your entire strength to its destruction. The difficulty is more or less constitutional; nevertheless it may be overcome.

WIDLER & CO.,

Chungking, West China

Born 1915—Still Existing.

RING UP 3809

for a comfortable 5-passenger car

PER HOUR \$4.00 PER HOUR

CENTRAL GARAGE CO., LTD.

2a Jinkee Road.

ZONG LEE & SONS, (W. Z. Lee & Sons, Est. 1895), BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

METALS AND HARDWARE

Contractors to Governments, Municipalities, Railways, Tramways, etc.

SATISFIED CUSTOMERS

ARE NEVER SATISFIED

THEY ALWAYS RETURN TO

GRIFFITHS' STORES

FOR MORE OF CLUFF'S

DELICIOUS

"BLUE RIBBON"

TINNED FRUITS

TELEPHONE WEST 641 FOR A TRIAL ORDER

not over \$40



PROTECTOGRAPHS

Writing up to \$1,000 at \$20, up to \$2,000 at \$40

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Tel. 4778

4 Canton Road, Shanghai

The Tientsin-Pukow Railway Administration

Notification No. 262.

INVITATION OF TENDERS (090/1).

Tenders, which will be opened at 3 p.m. on the 1st day of November, 1917, are hereby invited for the supply of LOCOMOTIVE and WAGON TYRES and AXLES and COPPER RODS for FIRE-BOX STAY BOLTS, for a free list of which apply to the Administration, where tender forms attached with drawings and full particulars may be obtained on payment of a sum of \$5.00.

(Signed) S. C. SHÜ,

Tientsin, September 1, 1917.

Managing Director.

15030

FOR SALE

FOUR WOODEN STEAMERS

PRINCIPAL DIMENSIONS:

	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4
Length Over All	89'2"	154'3"	125'0"	117'8"
Breadth Moulded	16'6"	22'6"	21'0"	20'0"
Draft	7'6"	10'5"	7'0"	7'5"
Horse Power	43	55	50	55
Speed (Knots)	8	9	10	9
Displacement	106T.	177T.	96T.	136T.

Intending buyers of the above steamers are requested to consult with the Chin Tuh Native Bank, 13 Men Yang Li, Chinese Bund, Shanghai, when further particulars may be obtained.

上海南市綿里香德錢莊林鴻卿君

15131

Cheap Sale

for Two Weeks Only from 17th to 29th Sept.

Embroidery, Laces and All Kinds of Hand Works

at 20% discount

Chinese Arts Co., Ltd.

F. 1848A Bubbling Well Road.

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consular, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-a Peking Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED: Chinese salesmen for a well-established firm, to work on commission basis. Apply to Box 123, THE CHINA PRESS.

OFFICES TO LET

FOR RENT: Office flat, No. 1 Hongkong Road, 2nd floor. Self-contained, 7 large, bright, airy rooms with north light. Early occupation. Very reasonable rental. For terms apply on premises.

15144 S.20.

EDUCATIONAL

EXPERIENCED lady teacher gives lessons in Russian, French and music. New, easy methods. Apply to Box 113, THE CHINA PRESS.

15128 S.23.

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE

14-15 Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable rooms (Front and back, with bathrooms and verandah) to let. Moderate prices. Good table.

Tel. 3482

1504

Nos. 8 & 11 Quinsan Gardens

Phone 1941

In No. 11, Facing Park, a large bedroom and sitting room combined, with closed verandah and bathroom attached. Comfortable for a small family also a small cosy attic room.

TO LET: Central, near Bund, large and very well-furnished double room (private bathroom), with excellent board and attendance, phone and lift. Terms reasonable. Apply to Box 119, THE CHINA PRESS.

15147 S.18.20.

VACANT, two connecting rooms, with bathroom and verandah, also boy's room, telephone; suitable for housekeeping. Carter Road district, south exposure. Apply to Box 84, THE CHINA PRESS.

15075 S.20.

COMFORTABLE HOME, with board, for British or American gentleman of quiet disposition. Near S.N.R. Station. Garden and own fowls. Moderate terms. Apply to Box 117, THE CHINA PRESS.

15142 S.18.

TO LET, in a German family, 2 nicely furnished rooms, with bathrooms and kitchen complete, for 2 bachelors or married couple without children. Also 2 single furnished attics, with separate bathrooms. Apply to Box 100, THE CHINA PRESS.

15105 S.19.

LARGE, well-furnished room, suitable for two, bathroom and verandah attached; good board and attendance. 1 Young Allen Terrace, opposite Quinsan Gardens.

15041 S.19.

APARTMENTS WANTED

GERMAN, quiet habits, requires board-residence in superior house, with private family. Offers, please address to Box 120, THE CHINA PRESS.

15148 S.19.

WANTED, by two English ladies, one large or two small rooms with board, French family preferred, in Western district or French Town. Apply to Box 116, THE CHINA PRESS.

15140 S.19.

WANTED, 1st October, furnished flat; or two bedrooms and sitting-room with board, by two Britishers. Replies, stating terms, etc., to Box 118, THE CHINA PRESS.

15145 S.19.

WANTED, by American couple with one child, two furnished rooms, with board, in private family. Garage necessary. Address C. W. L., care of THE CHINA PRESS.

15134 S.18.

Exchange and Mart

MOTOR CYCLE for sale, 3 h.p., single cylinder, 2 stroke, free engine, 1916 model. At condition and working order. Will sell cheap. Apply to Box 124, THE CHINA PRESS.

ONE SIDE-CAR wanted for motor-cycle. Apply to Box 125, THE CHINA PRESS.

2 SMALL MONKEYS for sale, male and female. Very tame and clean. A good pastime. Apply to Box 126, THE CHINA PRESS.

SITUATIONS WANTED

IF YOU want to secure competent clerks, stenographers, bookkeepers, interpreters, dialect teachers, etc., write to the Employment Department of Chinese Y.M.C.A., 120 Szechuen Road.

15049

TO PRINTERS. Practical printer (case and machine), capable of taking full control of plant, desires a vacancy. Good designer of advertisements. Make-up and stone hand. First-class London references. No objection to outposts. Apply to Box 121, THE CHINA PRESS.

15149 S.19.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, by young Britisher of 18, position either as assistant bookkeeper, shipping clerk, or general office assistant. Knowledge of codes, correspondence, typing, filing, etc., also has slight knowledge of shorthand, and A1 references. No objection to outposts. Apply to Box 114, THE CHINA PRESS.

15138 S.20.

NEUTRAL (40), wide experience in most of the provinces of China (19 years), open to accept any position of trust. Ready to give personal security up to Tls. 20,000; no objection to place. Apply to "Security," care of THE CHINA PRESS.

15136 S.18.

WANTED, position by lady stenotypist, with experience. Apply to Box 109, THE CHINA PRESS.

15120 S.18.

WANTED, position by young Chinese (college graduate), experienced typist, shorthand (slight), salary expected Tls. 35. Apply to Box 106, THE CHINA PRESS.

15112 S.19.

OFFICE MAN of experience, holding responsible position, wants extra work after office hours and lots of it; no work too complex to handle; no position too small to consider or accept, to either one of which I promise true devotion, and to him who favors me with his confidence, I shall be unrelenting in my labours to compensate. Apply to Ally, THE CHINA PRESS.

14134

HOUSES TO LET

TO RENT: No. 73 Route Vallon, from September 15th. Detached residence, tennis lawn, Tls. 125 per month. China Realty Co., Ltd., 39 Nanking Road.

15107 S.1.